1. Tennessee law grants access to certain records (public records) to any citizen of Tennessee.
2. A request for copies shall be sufficiently detailed to enable the custodian to identify the specific records requested.
3. The City of Johnson City has adopted the attached Schedule of Reasonable Charges for Copies of Public Records established by the State of Tennessee Office of Open Records Council.
4. A governmental entity is not required to create a document that does not already exist in order to fulfill a public records request.
5. A governmental entity is not required to compile information or conduct searches for documents.
6. A governmental entity is not required to provide public records in the manner a citizen requests.
7. For inspection only requests, the photographing of documents is not allowed. Copies may be obtained for a fee calculated according to the Schedule of Reasonable Charges for Copies of Public Records.
8. In cases where multiple or frequent records requests (4 or more in a year) are received from a single requestor or multiple requestors acting in concert with each other or as the agents of another person, entity or organization, a governmental entity may aggregate the requests for purposes of calculating charges for copies of public records. In these cases, the first hour of labor is not waived.
9. A Tennessee citizen wishing to make a request for copies of public records should complete the Public Records Request form A and sign and date the form.
10. Submit completed form using one of the following methods:
   a. Hand deliver to Finance Department (Collections Division) at 601 East Main Street during business hours (Monday through Friday, 8:00 a.m. – 5:00 p.m.)
   b. Fax to the attention of Nikki Dugger at 423-434-6087
   c. Email to publicrecords@johnsoncitytn.org
11. You will be provided an estimate of the material and labor charges. On acceptance of the estimated charges, the request will be fulfilled. Payment is required at the time copies are provided.
PUBLIC RECORDS REQUEST FORM A

The Tennessee Public Records Act (TPRA) grants Tennessee citizens the right to access open public records that exist at the time of the request. The TPRA does not require records custodians to compile information or create or recreate records that do not exist.

To: Public Records Request Coordinator
Municipal and Safety Building, 601 East Main Street, Johnson City, Tennessee

From: [Requestor’s Name and Address]

[Requestor’s Contact Information (Phone Number, Email)]

Is the requestor a Tennessee citizen? ☐ Yes ☐ No (If Yes, proof must be provided)

Request: ☐ Inspection (The TPRA does not permit fees or require a written request for inspection only. 1)

☐ Copy/Duplicate

If costs for copies are assessed, the requestor has a right to receive an estimate. Do you wish to waive your right to an estimate and agree to pay copying and duplication costs in an amount not to exceed $________? If so, initial here: _______

Delivery preference: ☐ On-Site Pick-Up ☐ USPS First-Class Mail

☐ Electronic ☐ Other: ____________________

Records Requested:

Provide a detailed description of the record(s) requested, including: (1) type of record; (2) timeframe or dates for the records sought; and (3) subject matter or key words related to the records. Under the TPRA, record requests must be sufficiently detailed to enable a governmental entity to identify the specific records sought. As such, your record request must provide enough detail to enable the records custodian responding to the request to identify the specific records you are seeking.

_________________________________________________________________
_________________________________________________________________
_________________________________________________________________
_________________________________________________________________
_________________________________________________________________
_________________________________________________________________

_________________________________________________________________

Signature of Requestor and Date Submitted  Signature of Public Records Request Coordinator and Date Received

1 Note, Tenn. Code Ann. § 10-7-504(a)(20)(C) permits charging for redaction of private records of a utility.
SCHEDULE OF REASONABLE CHARGES FOR COPIES OF PUBLIC RECORDS

Section 6 of Public Chapter 1179, Acts of 2008 ("Public Chapter 1179") adds T.C.A. Section 8-4-604(a)(1) which requires the Office of Open Records Counsel ("OORC") to establish a schedule of reasonable charges ("Schedule of Reasonable Charges") which may be used as a guideline in establishing charges or fees, if any, to charge a citizen requesting copies of public records under the Tennessee Public Records Act (T.C.A. Sections 10-7-503, et seq.) ("TPRA"). The Schedule of Reasonable Charges has a development date of October 1, 2008. Notification of the development was given to the Tennessee Code Commission on October 31, 2008. This Schedule of Reasonable Charges will be reviewed at least annually by the OORC.

The TPRA grants Tennessee citizens the right to request a copy of a public record to which access is granted under state law. Public Chapter 1179 adds T.C.A. Section 10-7-503(a)(7)(A) which expressly prohibits a records custodian from charging a fee for inspection under the TPRA unless otherwise required by law. However, the TPRA in T.C.A. Section 10-7-506 does permit records custodians to charge for copies or duplication pursuant to properly adopted reasonable rules.

This Schedule of Reasonable Charges should not be interpreted as requiring a records custodian to impose charges for copies or duplication of public records. If a records custodian determines to charge for copies or duplication of public records, such determination and schedule of charges must be pursuant to a properly adopted rule and evidenced by a written policy authorized by the governmental entity’s governing authority. Application of an adopted schedule of charges shall not be arbitrary. Additionally, excessive fees and other rules shall not be used to hinder access to non-exempt, public records. A records custodian may reduce or waive, in whole or in part, any charge only in accordance with the governmental entity's properly adopted written policy. Pursuant to Tennessee case law, a records custodian may also require payment for the requested copies or duplication prior to the production of the copies or duplication.

Copy Charges

- A records custodian may assess a charge of 15 cents per page for each standard 8 1/2 x 11 or 8 1/2 x 14 black and white copy produced. A records custodian may assess a requestor a charge for a duplex copy that is the equivalent of the charge for two (2) separate copies.

- If a public record is maintained in color, the records custodian shall advise the requestor that the record can be produced in color if the requestor is willing to pay a charge higher than that of a black and white copy. If the requestor then requests a color copy, a records custodian may assess a charge of 50 cents per page for each 8 1/2 x 11 or 8 1/2 x 14 color copy produced.

- If a records custodian's actual costs are higher than those reflected above or if the requested records are being produced on a medium other than 8 1/2 x 11 or 8 1/2 x 14...
paper, the records custodian may develop its own charges. The records custodian must establish a schedule of charges documenting “actual cost” and state the calculation and reasoning for its charges in a properly adopted policy. A records custodian may charge less than those charges reflected above. Charges greater than 15 cents for black and white, and 50 cents for color, can be assessed or collected only with documented analysis of the fact that the higher charges actually represent such governmental entity’s cost of producing such material; unless there exists another basis in law for such charges.

- The TPRA does not distinguish requests for inspection of records based on intended use, be it for research, personal, or commercial purposes. Likewise, this Schedule of Reasonable Charges does not make a distinction in the charges assessed an individual requesting records under the TPRA for various purposes. Other statutory provisions, such as T.C.A. Section 10-7-506(c), enumerate fees that may be assessed when specific documents are requested for a specific use. Any distinctions made, or waiver of charges permitted, must be expressly permitted in the adopted policy.

Additional Production Charges
- When assessing a fee for items covered under the “Additional Production Charges” section, a records custodian shall utilize the most economical and efficient method of producing the requested records.

- Delivery of copies of records to a requestor is anticipated to be by hand delivery when the requestor returns to the custodian’s office to retrieve the requested records. If the requestor chooses not to return to the records custodian’s office to retrieve the copies, the records custodian may deliver the copies through means of the United States Postal Service and the cost incurred in delivering the copies may be assessed in addition to any other permitted charge. It is within the discretion of a records custodian to deliver copies of records through other means, including electronically, and to assess the costs related to such delivery.

- If a records custodian utilizes an outside vendor to produce copies of requested records because the custodian is legitimately unable to produce the copies in his/her office, the cost assessed by the vendor to the governmental entity may be recovered from the requestor.

- If the records custodian is assessed a charge to retrieve requested records from archives or any other entity having possession of requested records, the records custodian may assess the requestor the cost assessed to the governmental entity for retrieval of the records.

Labor Charges
- “Labor” is defined as the time reasonably necessary to produce the requested records and includes the time spent locating, retrieving, reviewing, redacting, and reproducing the records.
• "Labor threshold" is defined as the labor of the employee(s) reasonably necessary to produce requested material for the first hour incurred by the records custodian in producing the material. A records custodian is not required to charge for labor or may adopt a labor threshold higher than the one reflected above.

• A records custodian is permitted to charge the hourly wage of the employee(s) reasonably necessary to produce the requested records above the "labor threshold." The hourly wage is based upon the base salary of the employee(s) and does not include benefits. If an employee is not paid on an hourly basis, the hourly wage shall be determined by dividing the employee’s annual salary by the required hours to be worked per year. For example, an employee who is expected to work a 37.5 hour work week and receives $39,000 in salary on an annual basis will be deemed to be paid $20 per hour. Again, a records custodian shall utilize the most cost efficient method of producing the requested records.

• In calculating the charge for labor, a records custodian shall determine the number of hours each employee spent producing a request. The records custodian shall then subtract the one (1) hour threshold from the number of hours the highest paid employee(s) spent producing the request. The records custodian will then multiply the total number of hours to be charged for the labor of each employee by that employee’s hourly wage. Finally, the records custodian will add together the totals for all the employees involved in the request and that will be the total amount of labor that can be charged.

• Example:
The hourly wage of Employee #1 is $15.00. The hourly wage of Employee #2 is $20.00. Employee #1 spends 2 hours on a request. Employee #2 spends 2 hours on the same request. Because employee #2 is the highest paid employee, subtract the one hour threshold from the hours employee #2 spent producing the request. Multiply the number of hours each employee is able to charge for producing the request by that employee’s hourly wage and then add the amounts together for the total amount of labor that can be charged (i.e. (2x15)+(1x20)= $50.00). For this request, $50.00 could be assessed for labor.

Questions regarding this Schedule of Reasonable Charges should be addressed to the OORC.

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James K. Polk Building
Nashville, Tennessee 37243
(615) 401-7891, Fax (615) 741-1551 Toll free number: 1-866-831-3750
Email address: open.records@cot.tn.gov