

Johnson City Police Department Annual Report 2013



“We sell service.”



Johnson City, Tennessee
Chief Mark Sirois

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2013 Police Department Honors

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JOHNSON CITY POLICE DEPARTMENT
601 East Main Street
Johnson City, Tennessee

"An internationally accredited agency to better serve the public"



MARK SIROIS
POLICE CHIEF

Dear Citizen,

It is my privilege to present to you the 2013 Annual Report of the Johnson City Police Department. Within the pages of this report, you will find statistics, charts, graphs, and descriptions which measure and document the activity of your Police Department over the course of the year.

In a review of this material, it should be kept in mind that it consists not simply of numbers and percentages, but represents the dedication and commitment of the Police Department's employees – serving you twenty-four hours a day and seven days a week – who make our City a safer place to live, work, enjoy leisure time, and raise a family.

Our City continues to see an overall decreasing crime rate in the eight major crimes against persons and property tracked by the Federal Bureau of Investigation, and used as a benchmark for comparing crime occurrences across jurisdictions. Decreases were documented in 2013 from 2012 in the categories of aggravated assault (21.8%), theft (5.7%), burglary (15.4%), and motor vehicle theft (24.3%).

This trend is encouraging, and can be attributed in large part to a combination of good policing *and* citizens taking pride in and ownership of their community. Working together, citizens and the police, there is nothing that we cannot accomplish in the interest of public safety.

Our goal as a law enforcement agency is to provide effective and timely police services to the people of Johnson City. In order to accomplish this mission, it is crucial for the Department and members of the community to collaborate in identifying and addressing specific concerns and potential problems. In this way, comprehensive resources on many levels can be made available and brought to bear on crime and those factors that contribute to criminal activity. This is the basic tenet of community policing, a practice to which we remain firmly committed.

Thank you for the privilege of serving you.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Mark Sirosis".

Mark Sirosis

JOHNSON CITY POLICE DEPARTMENT

Mission Statement

In partnership with the community, we strive to provide service based on excellence to ensure a safe and secure environment.

Values Statement

The members of the Johnson City Police Department, of all ranks and assignments, hold the firm conviction that we are obligated to supply the citizens of our community with superior public safety service. In keeping with this conviction, we recognize the need to daily dedicate ourselves to this task – that the demands of peacekeeping, maintaining order, and enforcing the law require a diligent, concerted, and responsible effort. We are committed to values which promote our mission of providing the community with “service based on excellence”, including those which follow:

- We believe that solving, preventing, and reducing crime and criminal activity requires a community effort, and that police and citizens must partner together to effectively address concerns of safety, security, and quality of life.
- We believe that each citizen deserves to be treated with respect and dignity without regard to race, ethnicity, culture, or socioeconomic status.
- We believe that integrity and ethical behavior are essential qualities of each officer entrusted with enforcing the law and protecting the public.
- We believe that police officers have a responsibility to work toward the prevention of crime and to hinder criminal activity whenever and wherever possible.
- We believe in the inherent value of the police officer and in the respect the vocation deserves. We believe in the officer’s empowerment to exercise initiative to address community concerns, identify problems, and propose solutions. We believe that the police officer’s ultimate value to the community rests upon his/her efforts to maintain and improve upon its safety and security.



JOHNSON CITY POLICE DEPARTMENT
601 East Main Street
Johnson City, Tennessee

"An internationally accredited agency to better serve the public"

MARK SIROIS
POLICE CHIEF



August 1, 2014

RELEASE: For Immediate Release

CONTACT: Mark Sirois, Chief of Police, 423-434-6159

Johnson City's 2013 Crime Statistics Available

According to Police Chief Mark Sirois, crime report information for Johnson City from 2013 is now available. Johnson City recorded a crime rate of 4,541 in 2013 for Part I offenses (based on per 100,000) population. This is a continuing decrease from last year and is consistent with recent trends downward over past years. In 2013, Johnson City saw an overall decrease in Part I offenses in crime by 8.8% over last year. The category of aggravated assault decreased from 252 to 197 incidents (down 21.8%). There was a decline in the category of theft, from 2,244 incidents last year to 2,117 (down 5.7%) in 2013. Burglary showed a significant decrease (down 15.4%). Motor vehicle thefts declined (down 24.3%) while arson decreased from 11 incidents to five (down 54.5%) this year. Increases occurred in the categories of murder from one incident to two, forcible rape from 12 to 17 incidents (up 41.7%), and robbery from 47 to 50 incidents (up 6.4%). (Data source: Crime in Tennessee 2013).

Crime Index Defined

The Crime Index selects certain criminal offenses to gauge fluctuations in the overall volume and rate of serious crime reported to law enforcement agencies throughout the country. The offenses include the violent crimes of murder, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault. Also included are the property crimes of burglary, larceny, motor vehicle theft, and arson. The FBI's Uniform Crime Report figures, contained in Crime in the United States, 2012, are compared with local figures.

How Safe is Johnson City?

So that comparisons can be made at a national level, a community's crime rate is determined by using the number of index crimes reported per 100,000 population. Using this standard formula, Johnson City's 2013 crime rate is calculated at 4,541. The city's overall violent crime rate decreased by 14.7% (312 to 266) while overall property crime rate decreased by 8.2% (2,833 to 2,602). Highlights of the Police Department's crime rate analysis follow.

- Three violent crime categories indicated an increase in 2013: murder (100%), forcible rape (41.7%), and robbery (6.4%)
- One violent crime category showed a decrease: aggravated assault (21.8%)
- All four property categories demonstrated a decline this year: arson (54.5%), motor vehicle theft (24.3%), burglary (15.4%), and theft (5.7).
- There were a total of 2,868 Part I index crimes (murder, rape, robbery, aggravated assault, larceny, burglary, vehicle theft, and arson) committed in 2013. The trend over the past five-year period is as follows.

Year	Number	Percent change
2009	3,001	-7.0%
2010	3,351	+11.7%
2011	3,221	-3.9%
2012	3,145	-2.4%
2013	2,868	-8.8%

- The Department’s 2013 clearance rate for index violent crimes was 84.6%, compared to the 2012 national average of 46.8%. The clearance rate locally for index property crimes was 47.8%, far greater than the 2012 national average clearance of 19.0%. (Data source: *FBI’s Crime in the United States 2012*).
- According to data derived from *Crime In Tennessee 2013*, published by the Tennessee Bureau of Investigation Crime Statistics Unit, the average clearance rate for Group A offenses statewide was 39.9%. Group A offenses include the eight index crimes noted above and additional categories designated as crimes against persons, crimes against property, and crimes against society. The Johnson City Police Department documented a significantly better 2013 Group A crime clearance of 64.6%.

What does it mean?

The Police Department, together with other City of Johnson City departments, has been very active in the Neighborhood Action Committee and community meetings on the neighborhood level. It is at this level that the department can most effectively serve, by learning what the problems and concerns are among residents, crafting and implementing solutions in partnership with residents and other resource agencies, and evaluating the results. The Neighborhood Action Committee was established several years ago, and consists of city department heads and staff who are actively involved in neighborhood issues. National statistics suggest that only about 35% of crime is actually reported. Increases in reported crime may be attributed to a greater level of confidence in the commitment and ability of this law enforcement agency to bring investigations to a successful resolution and prosecution. Police Department clearance rates over the past several years seem to speak favorably toward that end.

Additional factors that aid the Johnson City Police Department in accomplishing its public safety mission:

- Dedicated sworn and non-sworn personnel.
- Well-trained and equipped law enforcement staff.
- Units and programs designed to impact specific crime trends and problem areas.
- A commitment to community policing, partnering with residents and businesses to address crime problems.
- A commitment to practical innovation.
- A combined effort with the First Judicial District Task Force and other federal, state, and local authorities to combat narcotics trafficking and violent crime.

What can be done to reduce crime even more?

Overall, Johnson City is a safe community and is committed to working with its citizens to make it an increasingly safer place to live. Some avenues recommended for citizen involvement include:

- Targeted Community Crime Reduction Project
- Neighborhood Watch
- Participation in policing programs at a neighborhood level
- Reporting crimes
- Reporting suspicious activity

For more information about Johnson City's crime statistics, please contact Police Chief Mark Sirois at 434-6159.

Annual Report Highlights 2013

2013 Program Descriptions

The Department is organized into three divisions under the Chief of Police: Operations, Administration, and Criminal Investigation. The Operations Division provides first-line law enforcement services for the community (patrol, call response, reporting, investigations, etc.), and the Administrative Division serves in a support capacity (records keeping and management, personnel training, policies and procedure, grants, community policing, community relations, school resource officers, etc.). Within each division are sections and/or units that are assigned specific responsibilities. The divisions and their major components are listed as follows.

Operations

Patrol Platoons (4)
Traffic Enforcement
Canine Unit
Special Operations
Crisis Intervention Team
SWAT Unit (Special Weapons and Tactics)
Hostage Negotiations Unit
Bicycle Patrol Unit
EOD Unit (Explosive Ordnance Disposal/Bomb Squad)
Community Policing Unit
Downtown Officer
Park Police Officer

Administration

Training
Records
Property and Facilities
Internal Investigations
Accreditation Unit
Planning and Research Unit
Juvenile Court Officer
School Resource Officers

Criminal Investigation

Special Investigations Squad
Drug Task Force
Special Victims Squad
Crime Analysis Unit



Chief Mark Sirois and neighborhood residents celebrate National Night Out

The primary task of the Police Department is to respond to calls for service, report the facts, enforce the laws, and investigate crimes. In addition to and in support of this mission, the Johnson City Police Department is very involved with the community on many projects and programs designed to improve partnerships toward a safer community. A partial list of these programs follows:

Targeted Community Crime Reduction Project
Citizens Police Academy
Special Prosecutor Program
Police Explorers
Junior Police Academy
Caring Cops
Seniors and Law Enforcement Together (SALT)
Say Yes to Fishing and Say No to Drugs
Neighborhood Organizations
Defensive Driving Classes (court-referred violators)
National Night Out

Many of these activities are made possible through the acquisition and management of grant funding, for example, from the U.S. Department of Justice (COPS Hiring Grants, JAG/Justice Assistance Grants, Project Safe Neighborhoods, Bulletproof Vest Partnership); Tennessee Department of Transportation (Governor’s Highway Safety Office traffic safety grants); and the Tennessee Office of Criminal Justice Programs.

Other funding that supports the Police Department’s mission includes the technology fund (a municipal court set-aside percentage from citations and defensive driving school fees) and the drug fund (from fines and forfeitures).

Goal 1: Administer and Monitor the Traffic Safety Camera Program

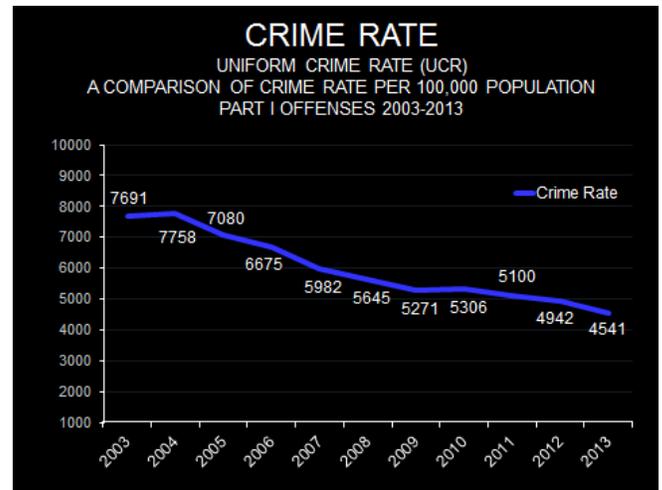
The City’s traffic safety camera program was launched to address red light running and the dangers posed by this driving behavior. Traffic safety cameras are proven tools for multiplying law enforcement resources and making intersections safer through automated enforcement and encouragement of voluntary compliance. An agreement for services with Redflex Traffic Systems, Inc. was executed to install the photo enforcement equipment system within Johnson City.



Traffic Safety Camera installation at N. State of Franklin Road and W. Market Street

There is no cost to the City – except some staff time - in any aspect of the program due to the fact that the vendor provides the photo enforcement equipment, maintenance, upgrades, software, and ticketing and mailing systems. A sworn Johnson City police officer reviews each incident and determines whether or not it is a violation prior to the citation ever being mailed to the offender.

Goal 2: Decrease Part I Crime Rate



The Police Department recorded a noticeable decrease in the City’s crime rate in 2013. Crime rate is a statistical tool used by law enforcement agencies across the United States for determining local trends and how they compare with jurisdictions regardless of their size.

The City’s crime rate for 2013 is 4,541 per 100,000 population. The City’s crime rate has experienced a steady downward trend since 2004. In calendar year 2010, the City’s crime rate for Part I crimes (homicide, aggravated assault, rape, robbery, burglary, larceny, motor vehicle theft, and arson) rose slightly to 5,306, but this rate was still substantially lower than the peak of 7,758 recorded in 2004 and the rate of 7,969 recorded back in 2001. Larceny (theft) continues to account for the majority of crime committed in 2013.

The clearance rate for Part 1 crime for this period is currently 51.2%. This is an increase of 4.5% from the clearance rate recorded in 2012. A number of factors may contribute to a decrease in crime rate, and they are not all connected with law enforcement (e.g., societal or economic). However, law enforcement, in partnership with the community, state and Federal agencies, and City services plays a major role in applying pressure to problem areas and concerns, thus driving down opportunities for criminal activity and quality-of-life crimes.

The principal daily task of a law enforcement agency is to enforce the law and answer calls for service – and that is the bottom line – but this narrow approach is also simply reactive. Personnel resources should be maintained at a level and allocation that allows for a *proactive* rather than merely *reactive* agenda, so that positive results can be realized and maintained over time.

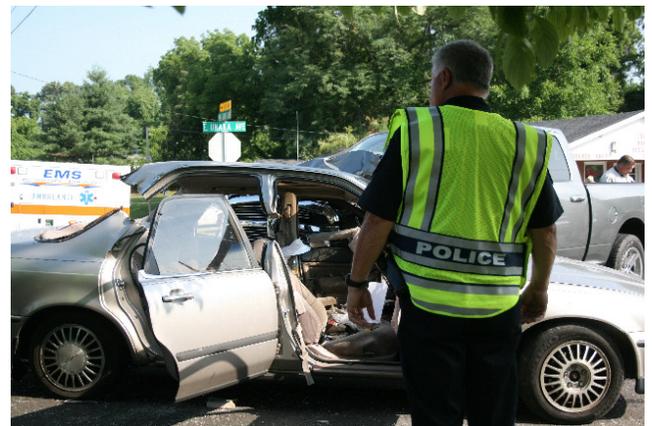
Goal 3: Decrease the City’s Traffic Injury-to-Collision Rate

The Police Department’s three-pronged approach of selective traffic enforcement, traffic safety cameras, and education resulted in an injury-to-collision ratio of 9.9%. This is a slight increase from the 2012 ratio of 9.5%. The total number of all traffic crashes decreased 2.2% in 2013 while personal injury crashes increased 1.8%.



Vehicle Crash at W. Market St. and N. Boone St.

The Johnson City Police Department worked diligently in 2013 to inform and educate the public of its speed, occupant protection, child safety seat checks, DUI saturation patrols, and other traffic safety programs. The Police Department made concerted efforts to accomplish these information and education tasks through frequent public service announcements in broadcast and print media, press releases, newspaper articles, and television interviews.



Two-Vehicle Crash at E. Unaka Ave. and Pine Grove Ave.

Goal 4: Decrease Traffic Fatalities and Injuries

There were eight traffic fatalities during the calendar year 2013. This is an increase over the four traffic fatalities in 2012. This was the first increase after experiencing four traffic fatalities every year since 2009. Although the number of fatalities increased in 2013, by comparison, this is still a marked improvement over the 13 traffic fatalities reported in 2007.

Arrests for driving under the influence decreased 14.7% from 2012, but was still 3.4% above the number of arrests made in 2010. The 77 DUI related crashes recorded in 2013 is an 8.3% decrease from the 84 crashes in 2012, and a 26.7% decline from the 105 crashes documented in 2011. Despite the slight increase of personal injury crashes in 2013, the number of alcohol-related crashes and total traffic crashes and fell in

2013. The fatal crashes involving impaired drivers have remained very low during the last five years. These data still indicate the need for continued aggressive DUI enforcement. With ongoing assistance from the Governor's Highway Safety Office, the Johnson City Police Department will continue to combat this threat to public safety. This evidence also suggests that the continued administration and monitoring of the Department's traffic safety camera program has remained effective, while more intensified focus on selective traffic enforcement, and ongoing driver education are needed to achieve the Department's goal of making Johnson City's streets even safer in 2014.



Officer Corey Shoun helps his friend pick out gift items during the annual Shop With a Cop event

The Police Department's approach to traffic safety has always included two of the classic three Es strategy (enforcement, education, engineering) in order to drive down traffic injury and fatality figures. Supporting this objective from year to year have been grant funds through the Governor's Highway Safety Office for enforcement and education, including those targeting driving under the influence, speeding, safety belt/child safety seat violations, and underage drinking and driving.

The Department has continued its partnership with organizations such as Insight Alliance and ETSU's Bucs Against Drunk Driving to educate the public in general and adolescents and young adults in particular about the dangers of drinking and driving. The Department has since 2005 fielded the SAFE CART program, which, in addition to classroom instruction and discussion, gives young people a safe hands-on experience simulating impaired driving. Engineering dovetails with the Police Department's goal in the implementation of the traffic safety camera program noted above.

Another way that the Police Department has committed resources to traffic safety in the last six years has been the establishment of safety belt checks at various locations throughout the City. This has encouraged compliance from motorists through citations as appropriate, and officers are able to take additional enforcement measures with violators whose licenses are revoked or suspended, or who have outstanding warrants on file, for example. Continuing to actively and appropriately apply resources to enforcement and education measures will facilitate a safer driving environment for the citizens of and visitors to Johnson City.

The Johnson City Police Department is encouraged in the progress toward achieving its established goals of increasing safety, reducing injuries, and saving lives on the City's streets in 2013. The Johnson City Police Department continues to focus its traffic enforcement on apprehending offenders and intervening in known dangerous and irresponsible driving behaviors. This philosophy is behind such proven and effective programs as "Fans Don't Let Fans Drive Drunk", "National Drunk and Drugged Driving Prevention Month", and "100 Days of Summer Heat".

Goal 5: Improve Neighborhood Safety and Customer Service

Since 2007, the Police Department has partnered with many stakeholders from a number of disciplines to address problems and concerns in the Central City Community. Community buy-in and ownership is enhanced when residents and other neighborhood users feel their neighborhood is a safe and secure environment to live, work, play, and run a business. With programs like Neighborhood Watch, National Night Out, and Project Safe Neighborhoods, the Police Department and its partners work toward this goal with many communities throughout the City.



CPU Officers Michael Whiteaker and Jeremiah Hein participating in National Night Out at Carver Park

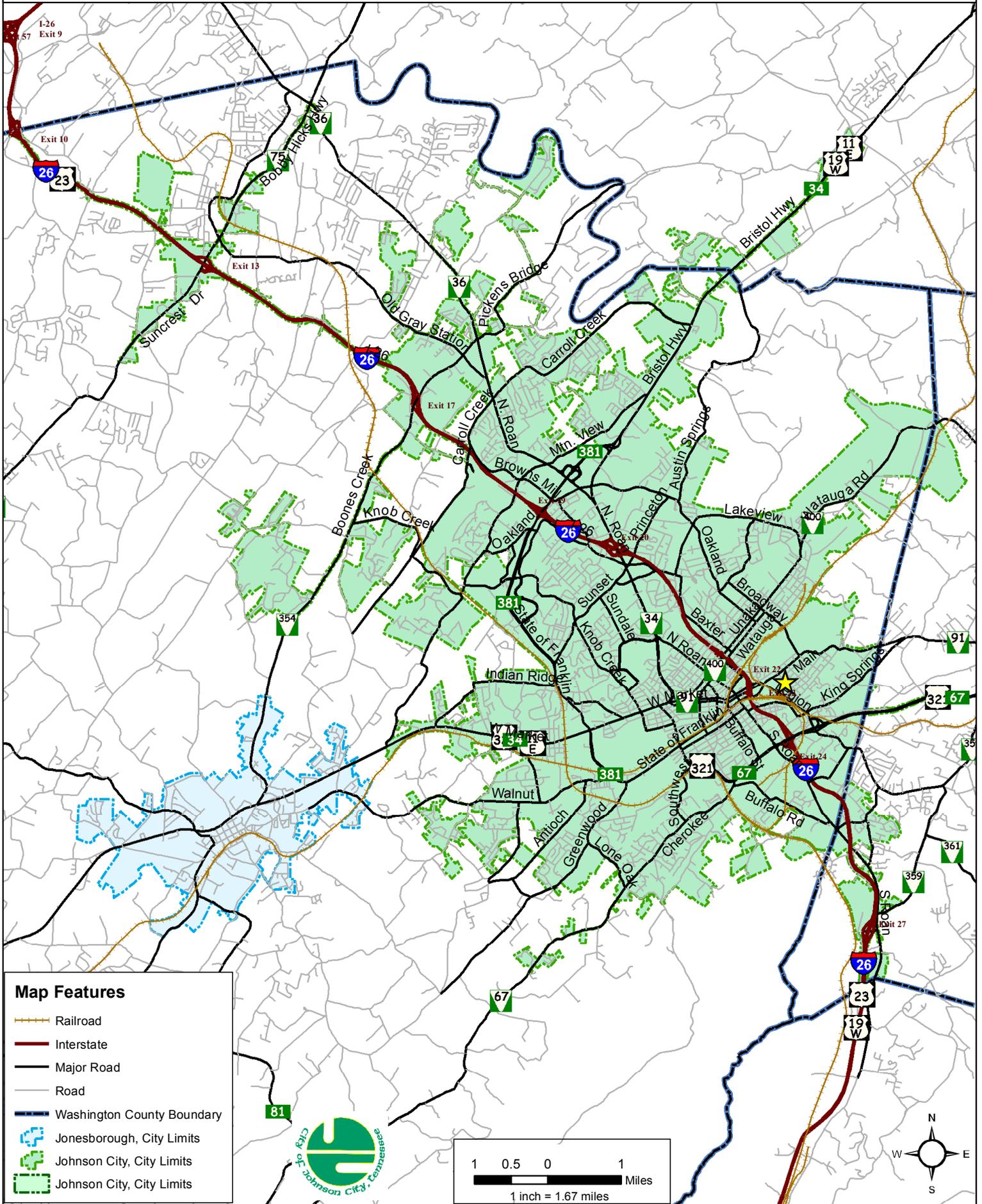
The Police Department is also an active participant in the Neighborhood Action Committee (NAC), which, under the direction of the City Manager, links City Department and Division heads with community organizations to identify problems and concerns, and craft and implement solutions for long-term quality-of-life benefit to the community. This linkage takes many forms, including prompt access to the Department/Division heads via email and telephone, attendance at regular community meetings, and neighborhood walk-throughs.



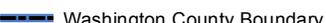
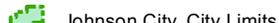
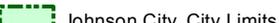
In April 2013, the Johnson City Police Department launched its Targeted Community Crime Reduction Project (TCCRP) in the Downtown and Mountain Home communities. The goal of the three-year, \$800,000 grant award from the Office of Criminal Justice Programs is to demonstrate with actionable data how effective community collaboration can be for preventing violent and drug related crime, revitalizing crime-ridden areas, enforcing community standards on such crimes and fostering offender intervention through programs such as the Day Reporting Center.

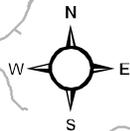
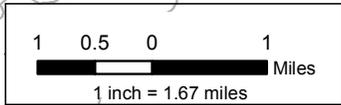
In Johnson City, the strategies centered around four interventions: Pre-Enforcement, Enforcement, Neighborhood Revitalization, and Offender Intervention. As a result of forming a coalition made up of 22 agencies, the Johnson City TCCRP arrived at 19 programs, several of which are new and innovative ways to combat drug-related and violent crime in the area. As stakeholders met representing corrections agencies, members of law enforcement, mental health professionals, and local judges, the idea was developed for creating a “one stop shop” program for court-ordered offenders. In June 2013, the Day Reporting Center was opened providing the community with a gender-specific, high intensity, three-phase program where clients are court ordered to attend as an alternative to prison.

Johnson City, City Limits, 2013



Map Features

-  Railroad
-  Interstate
-  Major Road
-  Road
-  Washington County Boundary
-  Jonesborough, City Limits
-  Johnson City, City Limits
-  Johnson City, City Limits



Johnson City Police Department - 2013

Population Estimate	65,123
Offense Overview	
Offense Total	5,640
Number Cleared	3,642
Percent Cleared	64.57 %
Group A Crimes per 100,000 population	8,660.5
Arrest Overview	
Total Arrests	4,114
Adult Arrests	3,768
Juvenile Arrests	346
Unknown Age	0
Arrests per 100,000 population	6,317.3
Average number offenses/incident	1.15

Domestic Violence Victims		
Offense	Reported	Cleared
Murder	1	1
Aggravated Assault	69	67
Simple Assault	467	448
Intimidation	27	27
Stalking	9	9
Forcible Rape	3	3
Forcible Sodomy	0	0
Sexual Assault W/Object	1	1
Forcible Fondling	4	2
Incest	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0
Kidnapping/Abduction	4	4
Total	585	562

TIBRS Group B Arrests		
Offense	Adult	Juvenile
Bad Checks	13	0
Curfew/Vagrancy	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	54	35
DUI	252	1
Drunkenness	536	3
Family-Non Violent	9	0
Liquor Law Violations	117	21
Peeping Tom	0	0
Trespass	116	18
All Other Offenses	299	48
Total Group B	1,396	126

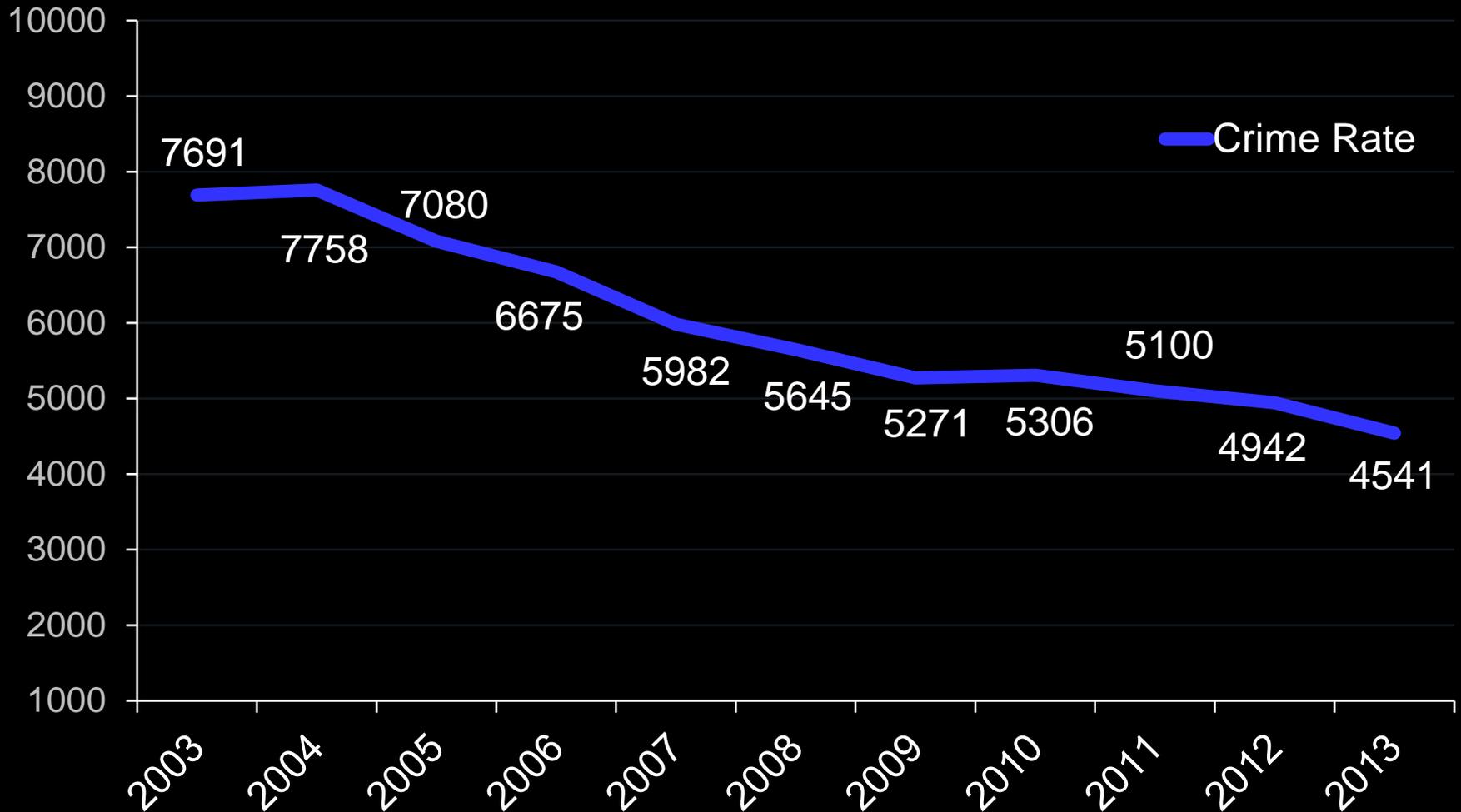
TIBRS Group A Offenses	Offenses		Arrests	
	Reported	Cleared	Adult	Juvenile
Crimes Against Persons				
Murder	2	2	2	0
Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0
Kidnapping/Abduction	7	7	6	0
Forcible Rape	17	14	8	1
Forcible Sodomy	2	2	0	0
Sexual Assault W/Object	4	3	0	0
Forcible Fondling	20	16	5	1
Incest	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	1	1	0	0
Aggravated Assault	197	174	119	2
Simple Assault	775	725	312	48
Intimidation	123	109	11	6
Stalking	23	21	2	2
Commercial Sex Acts	0	0	0	0
Involuntary Servitude	0	0	0	0
Crimes Against Property				
Arson	5	3	2	0
Bribery	0	0	0	0
Burglary	402	113	81	19
Counterfeiting/Forgery	161	90	59	2
Destruction/Damage/Vandalism	456	142	47	13
Embezzlement	43	41	31	0
Extortion/Blackmail	0	0	0	0
Fraud - False Pretenses	288	222	108	3
Fraud - Credit Card/ATM	117	63	38	0
Fraud - Impersonation	87	73	51	1
Fraud - Welfare	0	0	0	0
Fraud - Wire	3	3	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	78	36	29	2
Robbery	50	35	34	5
Stolen Property Offenses	13	13	16	0
Theft - Pocket-picking	6	4	1	0
Theft - Purse Snatching	1	1	0	0
Theft - Shoplifting	888	787	789	72
Theft From Building	406	204	80	17
Theft From Coin Machine	11	3	1	0
Theft From Motor Vehicle	416	45	42	1
Theft of Motor Vehicle Parts	123	10	9	0
Theft - All Other Larceny	266	38	23	2
Crimes Against Society				
Drug/Narcotic Violations	333	330	317	15
Drug/Narcotic Equipment Violations	242	241	115	6
Gambling - Betting/Wagering	0	0	0	0
Gambling - Operating/Promoting	0	0	0	0
Gambling - Equipment Violations	0	0	0	0
Gambling - Sports Tampering	0	0	0	0
Pornography/Obscene Material	1	1	0	0
Prostitution	8	8	8	0
Prostitution Assisting/Promoting	1	1	0	0
Purchasing Prostitution	2	2	1	0
Weapon Law Violations	62	59	25	2
Total Group A Offenses	5,640	3,642	2,372	220



CRIME RATE

UNIFORM CRIME RATE (UCR)

A COMPARISON OF CRIME RATE PER 100,000 POPULATION
PART I OFFENSES 2003-2013

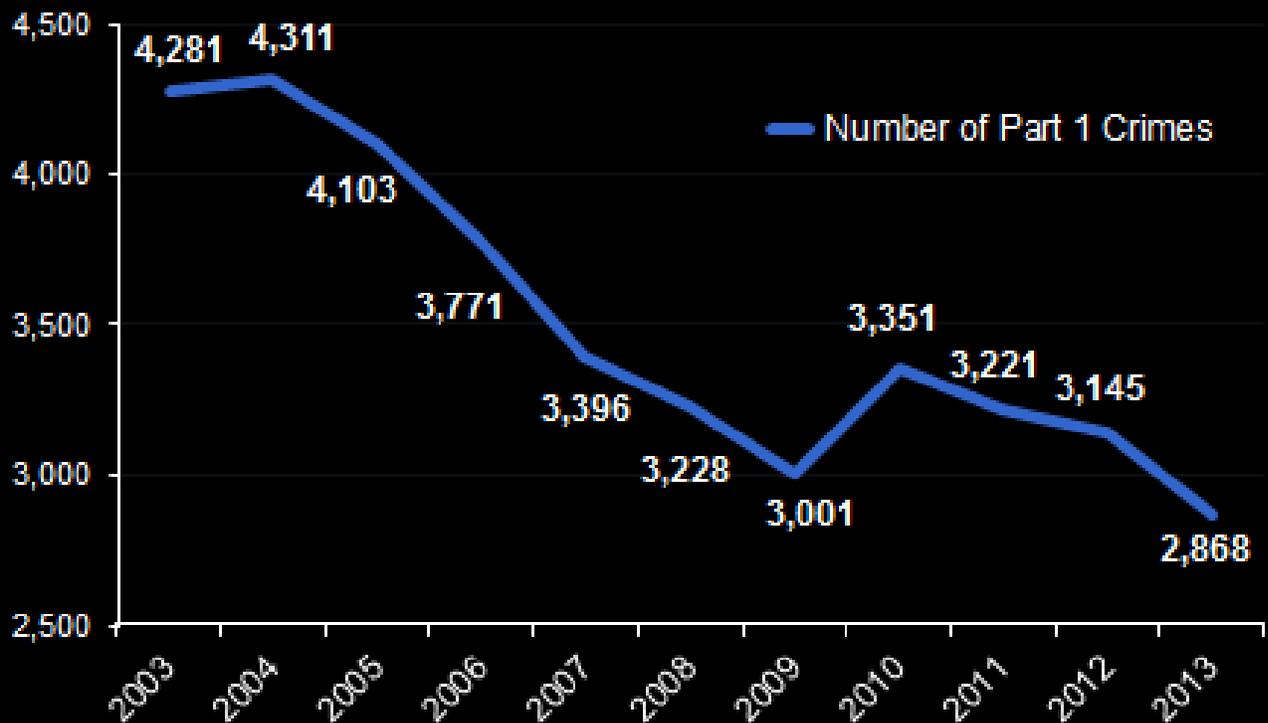


Crime Comparisons

UNIFORM CRIME REPORT (UCR) PART I CRIMES COMPARISON 2009-2012				
Index Crimes	2010	2011	2012	2013
Murder	1	3	1	2
Rape	26	7	12	17
Robbery	62	58	47	50
Aggravated Assault	193	211	252	197
Larceny	2,391	2,218	2,244	2,117
Burglary	568	623	475	402
Vehicle Theft	95	95	103	78
Arson	15	6	11	5
TOTAL	3,351	3,221	3,145	2,868

*UCR Part I Crimes consist of the eight offenses listed above and serve to measure the level and scope of crime occurring nationwide. Part I Crimes are tracked by the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) because they occur with regularity in all areas of the country, and they are likely to be reported to police.

UNIFORM CRIME REPORT (UCR) NUMBER OF PART I CRIMES COMMITTED COMPARISON 2003-2013



Crime Index

2012 UNIFORM CRIME REPORT (UCR)		
Crimes	Number	Crime Index*
Murder	2	3.2
Rape	17	26.9
Robbery	50	79.2
Aggravated Assault	197	311.9
Larceny	2,117	3352.2
Burglary	402	636.6
Vehicle Theft	78	123.5
Arson	5	7.9
TOTAL	2,868	4541

*The eight offenses reported above serve as a nationwide index for gauging fluctuations in the overall volume and rate of crime (Part I Crimes), and are known collectively as the Crime Index. The Crime Rate correlates the incidence of crime to a population of 100,000 and is computed by dividing the number of offenses by the jurisdiction's current population of 63,152 (2010 U.S. Census) and then multiplying by 100,000 for the result (e.g., $(3,145 / 63,152) \times 100,000 = 4,980$).



Johnson City Police Department 2013

Crime Clearance Rates

UNIFORM CRIME REPORT (UCR) COMPARISON 2011-2013							
Category	2011		2012		2013		
	Reported	Cleared	Reported	Cleared	Reported	Cleared	Percentage
Murder	3	3	1	1	2	2	100.00%
Rape	7	7	12	11	17	14	82.4%
Robbery	58	58	47	24	50	35	70.0%
Assaults *	1,073	1,073	1,062	961	972	899	92.5%
Burglary	623	623	475	124	402	113	28.1%
Larceny	2,218	2,218	2,244	1,046	2,117	1,092	51.6%
Arson	6	6	11	3	5	3	60.0%
Vehicle Theft	95	95	103	49	78	36	46.2%
TOTAL	4083	4083	3955	2219	3,643	2,194	60.2%

*Aggravated and simple assaults are included in this count.

Crime Clearance Rates 2013

TIBRS Group A Offenses	Reported	Cleared	% Cleared
Crimes Against Persons			
Murder	2	2	100%
Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0%
Kidnapping/Abduction	7	4	82%
Forcible Rape	17	14	82%
Forcible Sodomy	2	2	100%
Sexual Assault W/Object	4	3	75%
Forcible Fondling	20	16	80%
Incest	0	0	0%
Statutory Rape	1	1	100%
Aggravated Assault	197	174	88%
Simple Assault	775	725	94%
Intimidation	123	109	89%
Stalking	23	21	91%
Crimes Against Property			
Arson	5	3	60%
Bribery	0	0	0%
Burglary	402	113	28%
Counterfeiting/Forgery	161	90	56%
Destruction/Damage/Vandalism	456	142	31%
Embezzlement	43	41	95%
Extortion/Blackmail	0	0	0%
Fraud - False Pretenses	288	222	77%
Fraud - Credit Card/ATM	117	63	54%
Fraud - Impersonation	87	73	84%
Fraud - Welfare	0	0	0%
Fraud - Wire	3	3	100%
Motor Vehicle Theft	78	36	46%
Robbery	50	35	70%

TIBRS Group A Offenses	Reported	Cleared	% Cleared
Crimes Against Property (cont.)			
Stolen Property Offenses	13	13	100%
Theft - Pocket-picking	6	4	67%
Theft - Purse Snatching	1	1	100%
Theft - Shoplifting	888	787	89%
Theft From Building	406	204	50%
Theft From Coin Machine	11	3	27%
Theft From Motor Vehicle	416	45	11%
Theft of Motor Vehicle Parts	123	10	8%
Theft - All Other Larceny	266	38	14%
Crimes Against Society			
Drug/Narcotic Violations	333	330	99%
Drug/Narcotic Equip. Violations	242	241	99%
Gambling - Betting/Wagering	0	0	0%
Gambling - Operating/Promoting	0	0	0%
Gambling - Equipment Violations	0	0	0%
Gambling - Sports Tampering	0	0	0%
Pornography/Obscene Material	1	1	100%
Prostitution	8	8	100%
Prostitution Assisting/Promoting	1	1	100%
Weapon Law Violations	62	59	95%
Total Group A Offenses	5,640	3,642	65%
Part 1 Clearance Rate	2,868	1,469	51%

Police Department Personnel

Police Department	2013	2012	2011	2010
*Civilian Strength	31	28	27	28
Retired	3	3	0	2
Sworn Strength	149	149	149	148

*Full-time & part-time



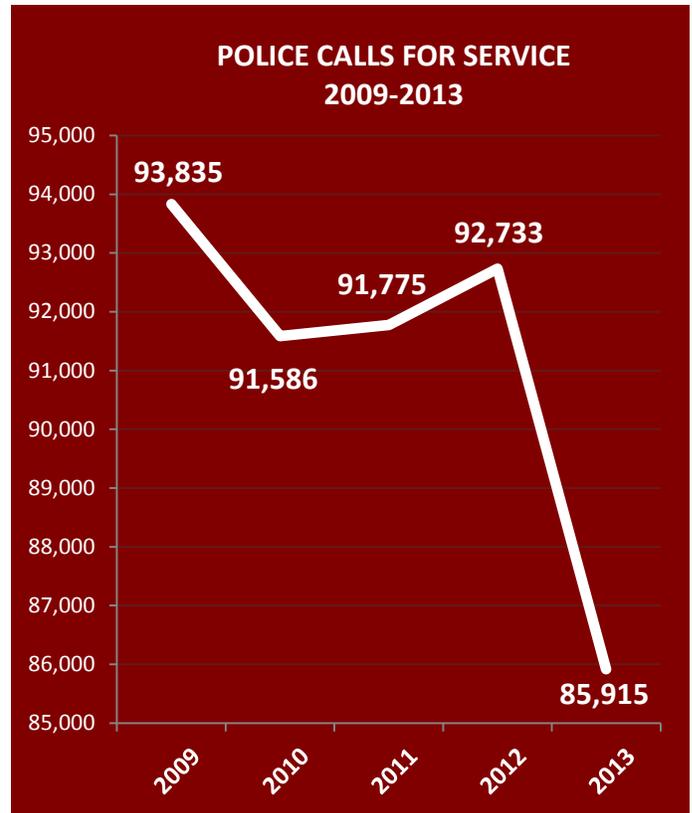
Officer Brittney Eberhardt and friend

Volunteer Police Report Writers

To reduce the number of non-emergency citizen calls for service to Emergency 911, the Johnson City Police Department makes volunteer police report writers available at Police Headquarters during normal weekday business hours. These volunteers assist citizens in need of advice or a formal police report. In 2013, these Police Department volunteers served approximately 1,200 citizens.

Activity	Number
Walk-Ins	353
Walk-In Advice	598
Call-Ins	31
Call-In Advice	214
911 Advice	4
Total	1,200

911 Calls for Service



911 Assistant Director Randall Lewis

Police Department Response Times

Call Type	Number of Priority Calls	Average Response Time
Priority 3*	1,075	4:21
Priority 2	8,895	5:27
Priority 1	29,588	7:32
Total	39,558	5:47

*Priority 3 is the 911 designation for emergency response

Accreditation Office

The Office of Professional Standards and Accreditation continues to maintain compliance with internationally recognized accreditation standards. The Department is one of 47 law enforcement agencies within Tennessee presently accredited or pursuing accreditation through the Commission on Accreditation for Law Enforcement Agencies (CALEA). The Department has been internationally accredited since 1993 and successfully achieved accredited status for the seventh time in November 2013. In August of 2011, the Department became the tenth law enforcement agency to achieve Tennessee law enforcement accredited status through the program sponsored by the Tennessee Association of Chiefs of Police, Tennessee Law Enforcement Accreditation (TLEA).

The Accreditation Office conducted the Annual Citizens Survey of City residents who rated the Police Department as average or above in the following categories:



- Overall competence and job performance - 96%.
- Officers’ attitudes and behavior - 96%.
- Providing protection in the community - 96%.
- Work performance without regard to biased-based actions - 96%.

Police Recruitment

The Police Department recruitment team members participated in four recruitment events this year. The Department has refocused recruitment energies toward future potential candidates through an annual Junior Police Academy (for 13-17 year olds) and a greater emphasis on the growth of the Police Explorer Program.

The Police Department’s recruitment team is comprised of volunteer members knowledgeable in personnel matters, agency opportunities, salaries, benefits, training, and organization. All 2012 recruitment activities concentrated on regional events. The Department continues to respond to phone, mail, and e-mail inquiries concerning employment.

Planning and Research Unit

The Planning and Research Unit coordinates and manages general direction of multi-year planning, performs the grant function of the Police Department, and assists with Police Department budget planning and preparation. Planning and Research also provides management, coordination, and liaison for a variety of Department projects and activities.

Current Police Grants & Awards

Tennessee Targeted Community Crime Reduction Project (TCCRP) 2013	\$800,000
2011 DOJ COPS Hiring Grant	\$538,428
2013 DOJ COPS SRO Hiring Grant	\$439,077
Justice Assistance Grant VI	\$37,427
Justice Assistance Grant VII	\$33,059
Justice Assistance Grant VIII	\$25,996
Justice Assistance Grant IX	\$20,459
Justice Assistance Grant X	\$19,453
HEROES (Safe Schools)	\$90,927
Safer Johnson City Streets VI	\$21,332
Bullet Proof Vest Program	\$10,808
Total	\$2,036,966

Training Unit

In 2013, six recruits successfully completed 450 hours of police training at the Regional Training Academy at Walters State Community College in Greeneville, Tennessee, while two completed 120 hours at the state Transition School. Six of the hired probationary police officers also underwent 80 hours of training orientation. Each officer then completed four monthly cycles of field training before receiving their permanent assignment.



EVOC Training at Liberty Bell Middle School

As required by Peace Officers Standards and Training, each sworn officer (149 for 2013) is required to successfully complete 40 hours of approved in-service training. All sworn officers met the requirement with 17 officers completing additional courses of 40 hours, 17 officers completing 80 hours of training, and 13 officers completing an additional 24 hours of training.

Roll call training on a variety of topics was conducted throughout the year in law updates, Major Incident Management System (MIMS), National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA), vehicle seizure, vehicle searches, evidence collection, and pursuit policy. Officers attended training while on duty in Taser operator course, Emergency Vehicle Operator Course

(EVOC), PR-24 Baton, AR-15, Use of Force and Freeze + P, Professional Development for Supervisors, Train the Trainer (Risk Management), spike training, Light Detection And Ranging (LIDAR) training, and High Mobility Multipurpose Wheeled Vehicle (HMMWV) training.

The Training Unit assisted other agencies and entities with expertise in the following areas: Use of Force, Taser, EVOC, FireArms Training Simulator (FATS), Retired Officer Firearm training, and Citizens Police Academy. The Training Unit conducted numerous other activities to facilitate training and department tasks such as improvements to the building, range repairs and maintenance, purchasing targets and backing and light repairs, as well as entry level testing, records maintenance, and evidence delivery and pick up.

Training Unit Activity	Hours
In-Service Training	7,952
Field Training Program	4,320
Basic Police Academy	2,940
In-House Training	1,546
Firearms Training	1,232
Jail Staff	632
PPO Orientation	480
Miscellaneous Training	448
Roll Call Training	257
Miscellaneous Activities	160
Total Training Hours	19,967

Internal Investigations Unit

Total Investigative Cases Opened: 19

Total Violations Investigated: 25

Internal Complaints: 9

Total Violations: 12

Improper Conduct Dispositions: 11

Insufficient Evidence: 1

External Complaints: 10

Total Violations: 13

Improper Conduct Dispositions: 8

Unfounded Dispositions: 5

On-Duty Complaints: 14

Off-Duty Complaints: 5

Employees Involved in Investigations: 18

Sworn Officers: 17

Non-Sworn Personnel: 1

Disciplinary Actions	<u>Totals</u>
Oral Warnings	0
Letters of Counseling	1
Letters of Review	0
Written Reprimands	3
Suspensions	8
Days of Suspension	20
Demotions	0
Terminations	0
Other Types	2
Resigned Before Action Taken	2
Retired Before Action Taken	0
2013 Total	36

Type of Violations	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>Difference</u>
Criminal Violations	2	1	-1
Excessive Force	3	1	-1
Arrest Violations	0	0	0
Entry Violations	0	0	0
Search Violations	0	0	0
Harassment:	1	3	+2
Sexual Harassment	0	0	0
Demeanor	3	4	+1
Serious Rule	20	14	-6
Minor Rule	0	1	+1
Alcohol/Drug	0	1	+1
Pending	0	0	0
Unidentified	0	0	0
Totals	29	25	-4

Polygraph Unit

Department polygraph examiners Captain Steve Smith and Captain Matt Howell attended the Alabama Association of Polygraph Examiners Conference in October of 2013.

The Polygraph Unit conducted 51 pre-employment Polygraph Examinations in 2013. As a result of these examinations, 34 applicants admitted to various traffic violations. Another 30 admitted to past illegal drug use, 19 had negative past employment issues, four admitted to past thefts, 14 admitted to financial or credit problems, one admitted to past criminal activity, and five admitted to past confidentiality and honesty problems. There were several criminal specific polygraph tests scheduled during the year.

Downtown Officer

The Downtown Officer works under the Police Department’s Community Policing Unit. The Downtown Officer performs both law enforcement and community policing functions predominantly in the downtown area. In 2013, the Downtown Officer conducted numerous Kids Print child fingerprint events as well as participating in the Department’s annual Junior Police Academy and Fish-Out events. The Downtown Officer attended numerous merchant and citizen meetings and other community details during the year.



Officer briefing during 2013 Blue Plum Festival

Downtown Officer Activity	
Days Worked	205
Reports Taken	60
Traffic Citations (primarily parking)	270
Arrests	22
Extra Patrols	27
Business Contacts	1,128

Community Relations and Crime Prevention

The Police Department is strongly committed to establishing close ties with the citizens of Johnson City and responding to the needs of the community. The goal of Community Relations is to enhance community support and assist citizens in identifying potential problem areas affecting their lives. The Community Relations Unit strives to achieve this goal by serving as a liaison with formal neighborhood organizations and other community groups within the City.

In order to achieve this goal, the Johnson City Police Department provides a broad range of services to reach the business community, the Johnson City School System, community organizations, and the general public. The Police Department regularly coordinates and participates in various City Neighborhood Watch groups, schedules speakers for community meetings, and utilizes Department resources to assist citizens in addressing their specific neighborhood problems.

In 2013, the Police Department participated in the following community outreach programs:

- Neighborhood Watch
- Neighborhood Association Meetings
- Citizens Police Academy
- Junior Police Academy
- Say Yes To Fishing, Say No To Drugs
- Fishout II
- “Back to School Night” at Cardinal Park
- Freedom Hall Independence Day Fireworks
- Walnut Street Trick-or-Treat Block Party
- National Night Out
- PATROL (Police And Teens Reaching Opportunities for Life)

Community Policing Unit (CPU)

The Johnson City Police Department has established a reputation for initiating progressive measures to address changing community needs. The community policing philosophy is a natural extension of the Police Department’s service orientation. Assessing needs with community input, the Department has cooperatively developed an array of programs focusing on these identified concerns from a proactive standpoint. Since its inception in 1991 to target a specific drug-related problem in the Housing Authority areas, the Community Policing Unit has grown to reach far beyond the scope of the public and assisted housing areas, and apply problem solving approaches to other citywide community concerns. Foot patrol, bicycle patrol, community meetings, the mobile police substation, and a wide variety of programs and partnerships characterize this specialized unit’s support of the Police Department’s mission.

CPU Activity	
Days worked	309
Calls for service	3,195
Arrests	257
Vehicle Patrols	452

In 2013, the Community Policing Unit resurrected the PATROL program (Police and Teens Reaching Opportunities for Life). PATROL is a police-mentoring program for kids to compete in different activities and earn points for their grades and after school activities. In exchange, they win prizes and get to spend time doing fun activities with officers. PATROL is intended to help kids participate in goal-driven activities, while providing opportunities for officer role modeling with the participants.



Officer Michael Whiteaker and PATROL participants

The Community Policing Unit provided service during the following events in 2013:

- “Operation Rx” Drug Take-Back events
- Cinema on the Lake
- Blue Plum Festival
- Historic Tree Streets Yard Sale
- Independence Day Fireworks Celebration
- Junior Police Academy
- Music on the Lake
- National Night Out
- Umoja Festival
- TBOPP Halloween Offender Checks
- Walnut Street Halloween Trick or Treat
- MSHA Dragon Boat Race
- 9-11 Honor Guard Flag Ceremony
- Say Yes To Fishing, Say No To Drugs
- Johnson City Christmas Parade
- Good Samaritan Ministries food deliveries

School Resource Officer Unit

The Johnson City Police Department is very conscious of its obligation to help keep schools safe for the students, teachers, staff, and parents. The School Resource Officer (SRO) Program was developed in cooperation with the Johnson City School System to bridge the gap between the police officer and youths, increase positive attitude toward law enforcement, and encourage more cooperation between youths and the police. SROs strive to reduce crime through counseling, teaching about the criminal justice system, and taking a personal interest in the students. They also work to protect the school environment and to maintain an atmosphere where teachers feel safe to teach and students feel safe to learn. In 2013, the Johnson City School System served approximately 7,853 students and employed 522 teachers.



Ten SROs are assigned to full-time duty on the City's 12 school campuses. Their regular duties include:

- Investigate and enforce criminal violations occurring on school property.

- Conduct daily patrols through each school campus.
- Present age appropriate law-related topics to classes.



SRO Erik Hilton helps student with "walk and turn" test during a mock DUI investigation to help drive home the danger of drinking and driving.

- Meet with students, parents, and faculty members regarding law-related problems and crime prevention education.
- Participate in PTSA and PTO meetings, faculty meetings, student extra-curricular events, and club projects as often as possible.

The Police Department was awarded the 2013 COPS Hiring Program grant from the U.S. Department of Justice Office of Community Oriented Policing Services (COPS). This grant provided for the hiring of four new school resource officers dedicated to the City's eight elementary schools. The new SROs are assigned to the Police Department's School Resource Officer Unit to enhance the Department's ability to respond to the needs of the Johnson City School System and engage in proactive problem solving with school administrators, teachers, and students.

Traffic Unit

The Traffic Unit is a highly trained and skilled component consisting of traffic enforcement and traffic homicide investigation officers. The traffic enforcement units are primarily responsible for traffic violation enforcement and traffic collision investigations. Traffic units conduct selective enforcement activities, speed enforcement (radar and laser), and collision investigations. As a mid-size city with a significant motoring public, traffic collisions are not uncommon. Therefore, the need for trained and experienced personnel in the field of crash investigation is critical. The Johnson City Police Department currently has 18 certified traffic crash reconstructionists. In 2013, the Department also had 14 certified child protection seat technicians.



Sgt. Jim Tallmadge directs traffic

Police Department Traffic Enforcement			
Type	2011	2012	2013
Traffic Citations	33,123	28,362	28,119
Speeding Citations	13,290	12,949	12,675
Seat Belt Citations	3,386	3,126	2,207
Parking Citations	2,209	2,304	1,949
DORL/DOSL/DOCL*	1,447	1,510	1,329
DUI Arrests**	347	353	301

* Driving on Revoked License (DORL), Driving on Suspended License (DOSL), Driving on Canceled License (DOCL)

**Driving Under the Influence (DUI)

Five Major Contributing Crash Factors in 2013	
Cause	Totals
Following Too Closely	1,046
Failure to Yield	947
Speeding	203
Failure to Signal / Obey Signs	96
Impaired Driving	79

2013 Traffic Crash Data			
Crash Type	2011	2012	2013
Traffic Crashes	3,304	3,535	3,460
Traffic Violations Involved	3,655	3,922	3,478
Personal Injury Crashes	390	336	342
Hit & Run Crashes	688	726	681
Pedestrian Accidents	44	31	33
Private Property Crashes	487	487	526
Fatal Crashes	4	4	8



Traffic Officer Tim Hensley

Governor's Highway Safety Office Law Enforcement Challenge Award



Officer David Smith accepts the Police Department's 2012 Law Enforcement Challenge award

In 2013, the Johnson City Police Department was honored by the Tennessee Governor's Highway Safety Office (GHSO) and the Tennessee Association of Chiefs of Police (TACP) during its annual Lifesavers Conference and Law Enforcement Challenge in Nashville, Tennessee. The Johnson City Police Department placed third among law enforcement agencies of similar size across the state. The Tennessee Law Enforcement Challenge program is an innovative program designed to stimulate traffic law enforcement activities and targets three major traffic safety priorities: occupant protection, impaired driving, and speeding. The program gives law enforcement agencies a venue to establish and accomplish goals in traffic safety enforcement and education. Ultimately, the Tennessee Law Enforcement Challenge is about saving lives and reducing injuries in our community.

The Johnson City Police Department was also recognized for its participation in the 2012 International Association of Chiefs of Police (IACP) National Law Enforcement Challenge.

Defensive Driving Classes

The Johnson City Police Department currently sponsors three Defensive Driving Classes for court-ordered violators. **2Much2Live4** is for teenagers from 16 to 19 years old utilizing cognitive behavioral based strategies and good decision-making skills to help keep them, their passengers, and others they meet on the road, safe and alive. In 2013, there were 237 participants in this class. **DDC-4** is a 4-hour class designed for first time adult violators and is mostly devoted to traffic law education and defensive driving. **DDC-ADD** is an 8-hour class devoted to adult recidivist violators. The assumption is that these participants have a behavior problem manifested in a propensity to speed and emphasis is placed on changing this habit.

DDC Classes	Participants in 2013
2Much2Live4	237
DDC-4	2,003
DDC-ADD	449
Total	2,689



Officers participating in a seat belt checkpoint

Canine Unit

The use of the canine is extremely valuable in law enforcement. Canines may be used at the scene of a burglary, holdup, felony assault, recently abandoned stolen vehicles, or at the scene of other serious crimes. They are especially useful for locating weapons, illegal narcotics, lost or abandoned property, or hidden implements of a crime. Canines may also be used for tracking and searching buildings.

Canine Unit Activity	
Tracks / Area Searches	33
Building Searches	52
Article Searches	8
Narcotics Searches	141
Felony Suspect Surrenders	11
Physical Apprehensions	1
Felony Warrant Services	22
Canine Demonstrations	11
Other	62
Total Usages	341

As an example, in late 2013, the Canine Unit assisted the Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) in the seizure of a private plane transporting more than 78 pounds of medical grade marijuana valued at approximately \$750,000.

Narcotics Finds	
Marijuana	104 lbs
Cocaine	49 grams
Crack Cocaine	131.2 grams
Currency	\$7,628
Handguns	4

A total of 966 hours of canine training were completed in 2013. All four canine units successfully completed their annual narcotics and patrol certifications during the year. The Canine Unit also assisted other agencies 30 times during the year.



Officer Jeff Legault and K-9 Rhino with seized plane and drugs

FBI Safe Streets Task Force

In late 2012, the Johnson City Police Department partnered with the Knoxville Division of the Federal Bureau of Investigation to form the Safe Streets Task Force (SSTF). The purpose of the SSTF is focusing primarily on violent, gang, and drug-related crimes through the teaming of federal, state, and local law enforcement officers and prosecutors, conducting proactive criminal investigations, and apprehending violent criminals. The Police Department's SSTF program also serves to complement the City's Targeted Community Crime Reduction Project and Special Prosecutor programs.

SSTF Activity	
Arrests	10
Criminal Indictments	11
Criminal Convictions	1
Drug Seizures	4
Interviews	36

Special Weapons and Tactics (SWAT) Unit

The Johnson City Police Department's SWAT Unit is composed of 14 full-time officers and two Washington County/Johnson City Emergency Medical Services personnel. All members of the SWAT Unit have attended basic and advanced SWAT schools as well as schools in sniper, counter-sniper, assault weapon training, and situations requiring use of various types of respirators.



SWAT team members respond to a call-out

The Special Weapons and Tactics Unit is deployed in situations where additional training and equipment may be required to defuse or effect arrest of armed and dangerous persons. These situations are search warrant, hostage situations, barricaded suspects, and suspects known for violence or carrying weapons. The SWAT Unit completes a monthly training and qualification session. The SWAT Unit participated in numerous joint training sessions with the Tennessee Bureau of Investigation, U.S. Secret Service, and Johnson City Police K-9 and EOD Units in 2013.

SWAT Activity	Total
Call Outs	24
Training Sessions	12
Training Hours	174
Search Warrants	4

Explosive Ordnance Disposal Unit / Bomb Squad (EOD)

This specialized unit has a primary function of responding to calls where suspected explosives have been located, stabilize the explosive, render safe, and transport the same to a safe location for disposal. Individual members are referred to as bomb technicians. Each bomb technician has received federal certification from the Federal Bureau of Investigation and the U.S. Army. Each bomb technician receives forty hours of annual explosive-related training and recertified every three years by returning to the Hazardous Devices School, in Huntsville, Alabama. The bomb technicians attend a minimum of sixteen additional hours of local explosive training on a monthly basis. Members of the EOD Unit received 1,144 hours of explosive training this year. The Explosive Ordnance Disposal Unit now staffs three bomb technicians and two ancillary bomb technicians.

EOD Activity	Total
Calls for Service	41
Suspicious Packages/Render Safe	26
Special Events	10
Demonstrations	5



EOD Commander Captain Brian Rice

Bicycle Patrol Unit

The Johnson City Police Department reorganized and expanded its Bicycle Patrol Unit in 2013 to include officers representing nearly every unit in the Police Department. The Bicycle Patrol Unit is now 24 riders strong, each of which completed a 40-hour Basic Police Cyclist training course before being assigned to the team. The Bicycle Patrol Unit assisted with several special events, and patrolled high crime areas throughout the year. The Unit participated in one Johnson City Citizens Police Academy demonstration, one Junior Police Academy, and other service-oriented functions. The Bike Team conducted bike patrols for the First Friday events in the downtown area, as well as visibility and enforcement details in support of the Targeted Community Crime Reduction Project. In total, the Team conducted 27 bike patrols during the year.

The Bike Team participated in and provided bike patrols for the following community events:

- Special Olympics Torch Run
- Blue Plum Festival
- Fourth of July Fireworks
- Umoja Festival
- Tree Streets Yard Sale
- Walnut Street Trick Treat Event
- Downtown First Friday Events
- Johnson City Christmas Parade



Police Bicycle School Class of 2013

Criminal Investigation Division (CID)

CID Activity*	2013 Totals	2012 Totals	Percent Change
Persons Arrested	829	849	-2.36%
Total Case Load	2,300	3,767	-38.94%
Clearance Breakdown			
Arrests	707	871	-18.83%
Exceptional Means	422	375	12.53%
Administrative	2	23	-91.30%
Inactivated	157	653	-75.96%
Transferred	0	76	-100.00%
Unfounded	425	446	-4.71%
Inactivated Pending Arrest	157	194	-19.07%
Cases Cleared	2,175	2,907	-25.18%
Cases Active at Close of December	125	125	0.00%
Total Cases Assigned or Initiated	2,091	2,358	-11.32%
Drug Task Force Investigations			
State Investigations	23	54	-57.41%
Federal Investigations	0	9	-100.00%
OCDETF Investigations			
State Investigations	1	1	0.00%
Federal Investigations	6	4	50.00%
SIS Squad Investigations			
State Investigations	33	0	100.00%
Federal Investigations	8	0	100.00%

*Special Victims Squad annual statistics are now included in the CID statistics.

	2013 Totals	2012 Totals	Percent Change
Total Drug Seizures			
Crack Cocaine (grams)	585.92	226.15	159.09%
Powder Cocaine (grams)	49	304	-83.88%
Marijuana (grams)	28,333.6	290	9,670.21%
Heroin (doses)	3	1	200.00%
Illegal Prescription Narcotics (units)	1,718	197	772.08%
Methamphetamine (grams)	5	7	28.571%
Ecstasy	6	171	96.4915
LSD	0	200	-100.00%
Other Seizures			
U.S. Currency	\$74,707.00	\$59,908.00	24.70%
Vehicles	3	7	-57.14%
Firearms	12	5	140.00%

*Crime Trends: (All numbers are tentative pending further investigation)

Organized Crime Drug Enforcement Task Force (OCDETF) and DEA Upper East Tennessee Task Force (UETTF)

The Johnson City Police Department is an active participant in the Organized Crime Drug Enforcement Task Force and DEA Upper East Tennessee Task Force. The mission of both task forces is to reduce organized criminal and illicit drug trafficking activity in East Tennessee counties designated as High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas (HIDTA). These counties currently include: Washington, Unicoi, Greene, Hawkins, Cocke, Hancock, and Hamblen, along with any adjoining counties that are identified as “Source Counties” or “Consumer Counties”. Success in this mission will reduce the impact of drug trafficking in these communities and further disrupt drug trafficking organizations.

OCDETF / UETTF Activity	
Asset Seizures	Amount
Currency	\$23,677.00
Illicit Drugs	Amount
Crack Cocaine	136 gm

Special Investigations Squad (SIS)

The Special Investigations Squad operates under the Criminal Investigation Division and is responsible for investigating vice crimes (e.g., prostitution, gambling, etc.) and any unlawful activities by members of organized groups or associations such as the illegal drugs or unlawful weapons.

SIS Activity	Total
Asset Seizures	Amount
Vehicles	2
Firearms	12
Illicit Drugs	Amount
Crack Cocaine	417.86 gm
Powder Cocaine	42 gm
Marijuana	3,946.6 gm
Heroin	1 dose

Methamphetamine	5 gm
Ecstasy	6 tablets

Drug Task Force (DTF)

The Johnson City Police Department participates in the multi-jurisdictional investigative task force, the First Judicial District Drug Task Force (First DTF). The First DTF is a collaborative investigative partnership between individual law enforcement agencies within the First Judicial District (Washington, Carter, Unicoi, and Johnson Counties) to increase effectiveness and avoid duplication of effort in the identification and prosecution of the users, sellers, distributors, and manufacturers of controlled substances.

DTF Seizures	
Assets	Amount
Currency	\$44,936.00
Vehicles	8
Firearms	11
Camper	1
Boat	1
Jet Skis	2
Illicit Drugs	Amount
Powder Cocaine	7 gm
Crack Cocaine	168.06 gm
Marijuana	24,387 gm
Synthetic Marijuana	5 gm
Methamphetamine*	234 Labs
Ecstasy	170 tablets
Prescription Narcotics	Amount
Roxicodone	838 (30mg) pills
Oxycodone	5 (80mg) pills
Xanax	91 pills
Valium	10 pills
Suboxone	68 pills
Suboxone Strips	38 strips
Subutex	8 pills
Percocet	36 pills
Morphine	16 pills

**205 of the 234 Methamphetamine labs consisted of individual portable bottles discovered in one location.*

Johnson City Police Department

2013

Honors

Life Saving Award



Officers Teresa Campbell, Keith Nave, and Kirt Stillwagon

Sworn Officers of the Quarter



**Officer John Chapman
(July-September)**



**SRO Tony Ward
(October-December)**

Civilian Employee of the Quarter



**Corrections Officer Donna Daniels
(January-March)**



**Ms. Becky Haas
(July-September)**