

Johnson City Police Department Annual Report 2011



“We sell service.”



Johnson City, Tennessee
Chief Mark Sirois

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2011 Police Department Honors

JOHNSON CITY POLICE DEPARTMENT
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JOHNSON CITY POLICE DEPARTMENT
601 East Main Street
Johnson City, Tennessee

"An internationally accredited agency to better serve the public"

MARK SIROIS
POLICE CHIEF



Dear Citizen,

It is a distinct privilege for me to present to you the 2011 Annual Report of the Johnson City Police Department. Within these pages, you will find statistics, charts, graphs, and descriptions which measure and document the activity of your Police Department over the course of the year. As you review these data, please keep in mind that they represent the dedication and commitment of the Police Department's employees – serving you twenty-four hours a day and seven days a week – who make our community a safer place to live, work, and play.

Our goal as a law enforcement agency is to provide effective and timely police services to the citizens of Johnson City. In order to accomplish this mission, it is crucial for the Department and members of the community to collaborate in identifying and addressing specific concerns and potential problems. In this way, comprehensive resources on many levels can be made available and brought to bear on crime and those factors that contribute to criminal activity. This is the basic tenet of community policing, a practice to which we remain firmly committed.

This Annual Report presents not only public safety challenges that are faced by the Department, but also the progress made in the meeting these challenges. With the continued support and partnership of the community, we look forward to another year of helping to improve the quality of life in our City.

Sincerely,

Mark Sirois

Chief of Police

JOHNSON CITY POLICE DEPARTMENT

Mission Statement

In partnership with the community, we strive to provide service based on excellence to ensure a safe and secure environment.

Values Statement

The members of the Johnson City Police Department, of all ranks and assignments, hold the firm conviction that we are obligated to supply the citizens of our community with superior public safety service. In keeping with this conviction, we recognize the need to daily dedicate ourselves to this task – that the demands of peacekeeping, maintaining order, and enforcing the law require a diligent, concerted, and responsible effort. We are committed to values which promote our mission of providing the community with “service based on excellence”, including those which follow:

- We believe that solving, preventing, and reducing crime and criminal activity requires a community effort, and that police and citizens must partner together to effectively address concerns of safety, security, and quality of life.
- We believe that each citizen deserves to be treated with respect and dignity without regard to race, ethnicity, culture, or socioeconomic status.
- We believe that integrity and ethical behavior are essential qualities of each officer entrusted with enforcing the law and protecting the public.
- We believe that police officers have a responsibility to work toward the prevention of crime and to hinder criminal activity whenever and wherever possible.
- We believe in the inherent value of the police officer and in the respect the vocation deserves. We believe in the officer’s empowerment to exercise initiative to address community concerns, identify problems, and propose solutions. We believe that the public safety officer’s ultimate value to the community rests upon his/her efforts to maintain and improve upon its safety and security.



JOHNSON CITY POLICE DEPARTMENT
601 East Main Street
Johnson City, Tennessee

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MARK SIROIS
POLICE CHIEF



September 3, 2012

RELEASE: For Immediate Release

CONTACT: Mark Sirois, Chief of Police, 423-434-6159

Johnson City's 2011 Crime Statistics Available

According to Police Chief Mark Sirois, crime report information for Johnson City from 2011 is now available. Johnson City recorded a crime rate of 5,100 in 2011 for Part I offenses (based on per 100,000) population. This is a noticeable decrease from last year and is consistent with recent trends downward over past years. In 2011, Johnson City saw an overall decrease in Part I offenses in crime by 3.9% over last year. There was a rise in the category of murder, from one incident last year to three in 2011. There was a significant decrease in forcible rape (down 73.1%). Arson also dropped significantly (down 60%). Moderate increases occurred in the categories of aggravated assault (up 9.3%) and burglary (up 9.7%). Robbery continued to decline this year (down 6.5%) while motor vehicle thefts remained steady at 95 incidents the last two years. (Data source: *Crime in Tennessee 2011*).

Crime Index Defined

The Crime Index selects certain criminal offenses to gauge fluctuations in the overall volume and rate of serious crime reported to law enforcement agencies throughout the country. The offenses include the violent crimes of murder, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault. Also included are the property crimes of burglary, larceny, motor vehicle theft, and arson. The FBI's Uniform Crime Report figures, contained in *Crime in the United States, 2011*, are compared with local figures.

How Safe is Johnson City?

So that comparisons can be made at a national level, a community's crime rate is determined by using the number of index crimes reported per 100,000 population. Using this standard formula, Johnson City's 2011 crime rate is calculated at 5,100. The city's overall violent crime rate decreased slightly by 0.4% while overall property crime rate also decreased by 4%. Highlights of the Police Department's crime rate analysis follow.

- Two violent crime categories indicated an increase in 2011: murder (200%) and aggravated assault (9.3%).
- Two violent crime category indicated a decrease: rape (73.1%) and robbery (6.5%). Robbery remained statistically the same in 2011 from last year.
- Two property crime categories showed decreases: arson (60%) and theft (7.2%).
- One property crime categories showed an increase: burglary (9.7%).
- There were a total of 3,221 Part I index crimes (murder, rape, robbery, aggravated assault, larceny, burglary, vehicle theft, and arson) committed in 2011. The trend over the past five-year period is as follows.

Year	Number	Percent change
2007	3,396	-9.9%
2008	3,228	-4.9%
2009	3,001	-7.0%
2010	3,351	+11.7%
2011	3,221	-3.9%

- The Department’s 2011 clearance rate for index violent crimes was 84.9%, compared to the 2011 national average of 47.7%. The clearance rate locally for index property crimes was 41%, far greater than the national 2009 average clearance of 18.6%. (Data source: *FBI’s Crime in the United States 2011*).
- According to data derived from *Crime In Tennessee 2011*, published by the Tennessee Bureau of Investigation Crime Statistics Unit, the average clearance rate for Group A offenses statewide in 2011 was 36.1%. Group A offenses include the eight index crimes noted above and additional categories designated as crimes against persons, crimes against property, and crimes against society. The Johnson City Police Department documented a significantly better 2011 Group A clearance rate of 59%.

What does it mean?

The Police Department, together with other City of Johnson City departments, has been very active in the Neighborhood Action Committee and community meetings on the neighborhood level. It is at this level where the department can most effectively serve, by learning what the problems and concerns are among residents, crafting and implementing solutions in partnership with residents and other resource agencies, and evaluating the results. The Neighborhood Action Committee was established several years ago, and consists of city department heads and staff who are actively involved in neighborhood issues. National statistics suggest that only about 35% of crime is actually reported. Increases in reported crime may be attributed to a greater level of confidence in the commitment and ability of this law enforcement agency to bring investigations to a successful resolution and prosecution. Police Department clearance rates over the past several years seem to speak favorably toward that end.

Additional factors that aid the Johnson City Police Department in accomplishing its public safety mission:

- Dedicated sworn and non-sworn personnel.
- Well-trained and equipped law enforcement staff.
- Units and programs designed to impact specific crime trends and problem areas.
- A commitment to community policing, partnering with residents and businesses to address crime problems.
- A commitment to practical innovation.
- A combined effort with the First Judicial District Task Force and other federal, state, and local authorities to combat narcotics trafficking and violent crime.

What can be done to reduce crime even more?

Overall, Johnson City is a safe community and is committed to working with its citizens to make it an increasingly safer place to live. Some avenues recommended for citizen involvement include:

- Neighborhood Watch
- Participation in policing programs at a neighborhood level
- Reporting crimes
- Reporting suspicious activity

For more information about Johnson City's crime statistics, please contact Police Chief Mark Sirois at 434-6159.

Annual Report Highlights 2011

2011 Program Descriptions

The Department is organized into three divisions under the Chief of Police: Operations, Administration, and Criminal Investigation. The Operations Division provides first-line law enforcement services for the community (patrol, call response, reporting, investigations, etc.), and the Administrative Division serves in a support capacity (records keeping and management, personnel training, policies and procedure, grants, community policing, community relations, school resource officers, etc.). Within each division are sections and/or units that are assigned specific responsibilities. The divisions and their major components are listed as follows.

Operations

- Patrol Platoons (4)
- Traffic Enforcement
- Canine Unit
- Special Operations
- Crisis Intervention Team
- SWAT Unit (Special Weapons and Tactics)
- Underwater Search and Recovery Unit
- Hostage Negotiations Unit
- Bicycle Patrol Unit
- EOD Unit (Explosive Ordinance Disposal/Bomb Squad)
- Community Policing Unit
- Downtown Officer
- Park Police Officer

Administration

- Training
- Records
- Property and Facilities
- Internal Investigations
- Accreditation Unit
- Planning and Research Unit
- Juvenile Court Officer
- School Resource Officers

Criminal Investigation

- Special Investigations Squad
- Drug Task Force
- Special Victims Squad
- Crime Analysis Unit



The primary task of the Police Department is to respond to calls for service, report the facts, enforce the laws, and investigate crimes. In addition to and in support of this mission, the Johnson City Police Department is very involved with the community on many projects and programs designed to improve partnerships toward a safer community. A partial list of these programs follows:

- Central City Weed and Seed
- Citizens Police Academy
- Special Prosecutor Program
- Police Explorers
- Junior Police Academy
- Caring Cops
- Seniors and Law Enforcement Together (SALT)
- Say Yes to Fishing and Say No to Drugs
- Neighborhood Organizations
- Defensive Driving Classes (court-referred violators)
- National Night Out

Many of these activities are made possible through the acquisition and management of grant funding, for example, from the U.S. Department of Justice (Weed and Seed, JAG/Justice Assistance Grants, Project Safe Neighborhoods, Bulletproof Vest Partnership); Tennessee Department of Transportation (Governor's Highway Safety Office traffic safety grants); and the Tennessee Office of Criminal Justice Programs.

Other funding that supports the Police Department's mission includes the technology fund (a municipal court set-aside percentage from citations and defensive driving school fees) and the drug fund (from fines and forfeitures).

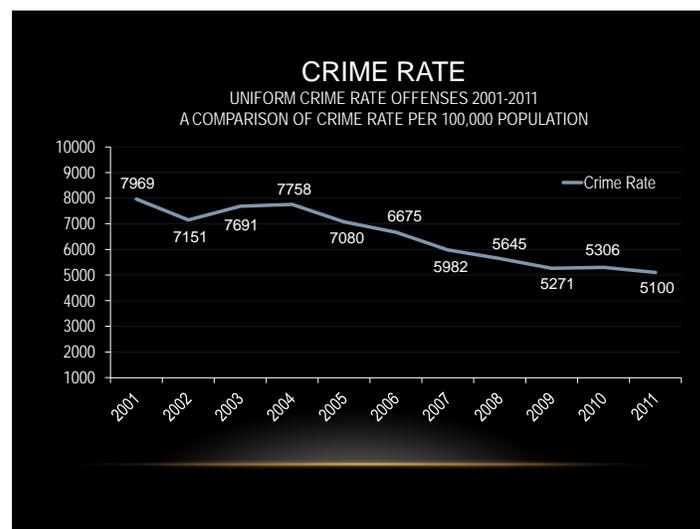
Goal 1: Administer and Monitor the Traffic Safety Camera Program

The City's traffic safety camera program was launched to address red light running and the dangers posed by this driving behavior. Traffic safety cameras are proven tools for multiplying law enforcement resources and making intersections safer through automated enforcement and encouragement of voluntary compliance. An agreement for services with Redflex Traffic Systems, Inc. was executed to install the photo enforcement equipment system within Johnson City.



There is no cost to the City in any aspect of the program due to the fact that the vendor provides the photo enforcement equipment, maintenance, upgrades, software, and ticketing and mailing systems. A sworn Johnson City police officer reviews each and determines whether or not it is a violation prior to the citation ever being mailed to the offender.

Goal 2: Decrease Part I Crime Rate



The Police Department recorded a noticeable decrease in the City's crime rate in 2011. Crime rate is a statistical tool used by law enforcement agencies across the United States for determining local trends and how they compare with jurisdictions regardless of their size.

Despite a slight increase in 2010, the City's crime rate has experienced a steady downward trend since 2004. In calendar year 2010, the City's crime rate for Part I crimes (homicide, aggravated assault, rape, robbery, burglary, larceny, motor vehicle theft, and arson) was 5,306 per 100,000 population. The City's crime rate for 2011 is 5,100. This is well below the City's most recent crime rate peak of 7,758, which was recorded in 2004, and much lower than the highest crime rate of 7,969 recorded in

2001. By far, larceny (theft) still accounts for the majority of crime committed in 2011.

The clearance rate for Part 1 crime for this period is currently 45%. This is the same clearance rate as recorded in 2010. A number of factors may contribute to a decrease in crime rate, and they are not all connected with law enforcement (e.g., societal or economic). However, law enforcement, in partnership with the community, state and Federal agencies, and City services plays a major leadership role in applying pressure to problem areas and concerns, thus driving down opportunities for criminal activity and quality-of-life crimes.

The principal daily task of a law enforcement agency is to answer calls for service – and that is the bottom line – but this narrow approach is also simply reactive. Personnel resources should be maintained at a level that allows for a *proactive* rather than merely *reactive* agenda, so that positive results can be realized and maintained over time.

Goal 3: Conclude Year Four of the Weed and Seed Strategy

The City of Johnson City concluded the fourth and final year of its Weed and Seed strategy. The programs initiated or developed by the Weed and Seed strategy will continue. The national, proven Weed and Seed strategy combined law enforcement, community policing, prevention / intervention / treatment, and neighborhood restoration components to significantly address identified problems and concerns within the designated area. This has been a strategic goal of the City, and has proven to bring long-term benefit to the Central City Community.



Law enforcement continues to be very active in the Central City Community through this strategy, maintaining and improving relationships with residents and other stakeholders, attending community meetings, and focusing on specific concerns, patterns, and perceptions. Many arrests have been made for both observed violations and warrant service as a result of this activity, and include drug and violent crime charges as well as public intoxication, trespassing, and prostitution. Weed and Seed funding was 100% federal with no local match required.

Goal 4: Decrease Traffic Fatalities and Injuries

There were four traffic fatalities during the calendar year 2011. This number ties the last two years' totals for the fewest recorded traffic fatalities in Johnson City's recent history. The total number of crashes took a notable dip of 4.9% in 2011. The injury-to-collision ratio rose from 9.4% last year to 11.5% in 2011.



Arrests for driving under the influence increased 19.2% over 2010 and 6.1% from 2009. However, the number of DUI related crashes have also increased. The 105 DUI related crashes recorded in 2011 is an 11.7% increase over the 94 recorded in 2009 and 41.6% from the 77 crashes in 2010. Despite the increase of DUI-related crashes, fatal crashes involving a DUI offender has remained very low during the last three years. These data indicate the need for continued aggressive DUI enforcement. With continued assistance from the Governor's Highway Safety Office, the Johnson City Police Department will identify the specific reasons for this increase and implement a strategic plan to combat this statistic. This evidence also suggests that the recent implementation of the Department's traffic camera safety program has been effective, more intensified focus on selective traffic enforcement, and ongoing driver education are needed to achieve the Department's goal of making Johnson City's streets much safer in 2012.



The Police Department's approach to traffic safety has always included two of the classic three Es strategy (enforcement, education, engineering) in order to drive down traffic injury and fatality figures. Supporting this objective from year to year have been grant funds through the Governor's Highway Safety Office for enforcement and education, including those targeting driving under the influence, speeding, safety belt/child safety seat violations, and underage drinking and driving.

The Department has continued its partnership with organizations such as Insight Alliance and ETSU's Bucs Against Drunk Driving to educate the public in general and adolescents and young adults in particular about the dangers of drinking and driving. The Department has since 2005 fielded the SAFE CART program, which, in addition to classroom instruction and discussion, gives young people a safe hands-on experience simulating impaired driving. Engineering dovetails with the Police Department's goal in the initiation of the traffic safety camera program noted above.



Another way that the Police Department has committed resources to traffic safety in the last five years has been the establishment of safety belt checks at various locations throughout the City. This has encouraged compliance from motorists through citations as appropriate, and officers are able to take additional enforcement measures with violators whose licenses are revoked or suspended, or who have outstanding warrants on file, for example. Continuing to actively and creatively apply resources to enforcement and education measures will facilitate a safer driving environment for the citizens of and visitors to Johnson City. Personnel levels are critical considerations in order to continue proactive traffic enforcement measures and promote public safety.

Goal 5: Improve Neighborhood Safety and Customer Service

Under the goals of the Weed and Seed grant many stakeholders from a number of disciplines have partnered together to address problems and concerns in the Central City Community. Community buy-in and ownership is enhanced when residents and other neighborhood users feel their neighborhood is a safe and secure environment to live, work, play, and run a business. With programs like Neighborhood Watch, National Night Out, and Project Safe Neighborhoods, the Police Department and its partners work toward this goal with many communities throughout the City. The Police Department is also an active participant in the Neighborhood Action Committee (NAC), which, under the direction of the City Manager, links City Department/Division heads with community organizations to identify together problems and concerns, and craft and implement solutions for long-term quality-of-life benefit to the community.

The primary reasons for the original creation of the NAC were to:

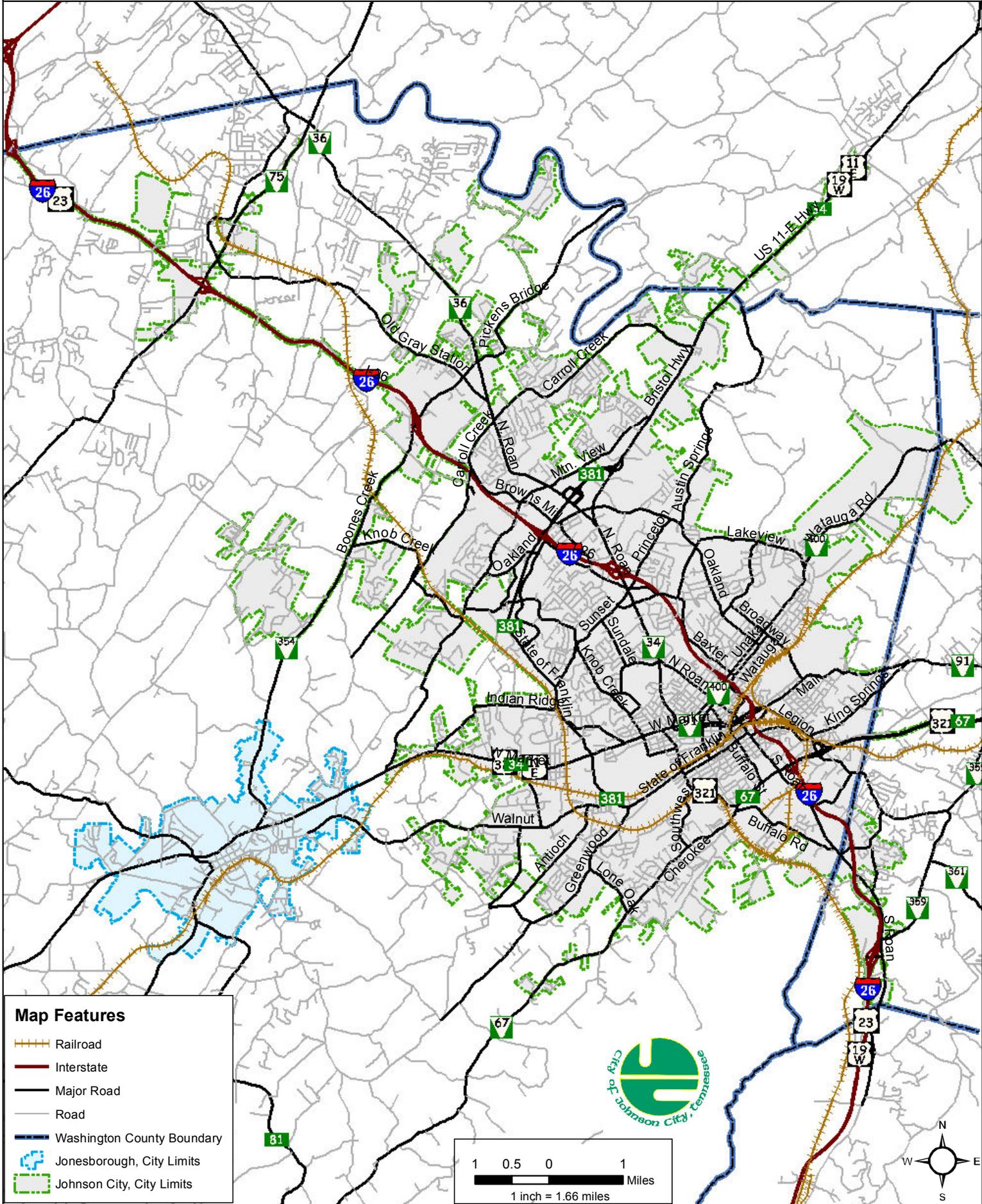
- Allow a better structure for dialogue between the City and neighborhood organizations.
- Update citizens at the neighborhood level on new and ongoing citywide service initiatives.
- Help City staff better assess the needs of neighborhoods and how to better respond to those needs through the City's services and programs.

- Provide support and technical assistance to neighborhoods to facilitate better organization and more effective function.
- Assist organized neighborhoods to create a Neighborhood Council.

This linkage takes many forms, including prompt access to the Department/Division heads via email and telephone, attendance at regular community meetings, and neighborhood walk-throughs. The Neighborhood Action Committee conducts annual walkthroughs and follow-ups in various neighborhoods throughout the City. Many issues and concerns continue to be identified, with the residents and City services collaborating to address and resolve them. Law enforcement issues discussed included community safety and police initiatives, the completion of surveys to gauge and address concerns within the community, and the new neighborhood walk-through program.

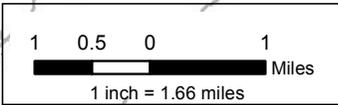
This latter program provides an opportunity for a core group of City management staff and residents of a given neighborhood organization to walk through the sidewalks and streets of the community, and obtain first-hand information from the residents. It also permits the free flow of ideas on addressing the identified problems, and facilitates a multi-disciplinary approach and partnership – one of the core tenets of community policing. As designed, the members of the City management team then attend the next meeting of the neighborhood organization and report on findings, progress, and ways to address the concerns short- and long-term.

City of Johnson City, 2011



Map Features

-  Railroad
-  Interstate
-  Major Road
-  Road
-  Washington County Boundary
-  Jonesborough, City Limits
-  Johnson City, City Limits





Johnson City, Tennessee POLICE

Johnson City Police Department, year 2011 Crime Statistics

2011 Population Estimate	63,815
Offense Overview	
Offense Total	6,091
Number Cleared	3,591
Percent Cleared	58.96%
 Group A Crimes Per 100,000 population	 9,544.8
Arrest Overview	
Total Arrest	4,480
Adult Arrest	4,063
Juvenile Arrest	417
Unknown Age	0
 Arrest per 100,000 population	 7,020.3
Avg. number offenses/incident	1.14

Offenses	Arrest
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TIBRS Group A Offenses	Reported	Cleared	Adult	Juvenile
Crimes Against Persons				
Murder	3	3	2	0
Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0
Kidnapping/Abduction	7	7	1	0
Forcible Rape	7	6	2	0
Forcible Sodomy	2	1	1	0
Sexual Assault W/Object	2	2	0	0
Forcible Fondling	24	20	5	0
Incest	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	3	2	0	0
Aggravated Assault	211	192	113	7
Simple Assault	862	784	404	42
Intimidation	162	122	6	5
Stalking	22	18	6	0
Crimes Against Property				
Arson	6	3	0	3
Bribery	0	0	0	0
Burglary	623	179	96	22
Counterfeiting/Forgery	175	100	85	1
Destruction/Damage/Vandalism	514	148	54	20
Embezzlement	51	39	28	0
Extortion/Blackmail	1	0	0	0
Fraud - False Pretenses	197	150	70	1
Fraud - Credit Card/ATM	132	77	54	2
Fraud - Impersonation	79	76	49	3
Fraud - Welfare	0	0	0	0
Fraud - Wire	4	4	1	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	95	36	26	2
Robbery	58	36	33	1
Stolen Property Offenses	9	9	9	1
Theft - Pocket-picking	5	4	2	1
Theft - Purse Snatching	6	3	1	1
Theft - Shoplifting	680	563	551	99
Theft From Building	429	178	95	5
Theft From Coin Machine	9	1	0	0
Theft From Motor Vehicle	560	139	49	1
Theft of Motor Vehicle Parts	217	26	4	0
Theft - All Other Larceny	312	76	70	6
Crimes Against Society				
Drug/Narcotic Violations	325	296	253	23
Drug/Narcotic Equipment Violations	210	208	82	6
Gambling - Betting/Wagering	0	0	0	0
Gambling - Operating/Promoting	0	0	0	0
Gambling - Equipment Violations	0	0	0	0
Gambling - Sports Tampering	0	0	0	0
Pornography/Obscene Material	0	0	0	0
Prostitution	17	17	13	0
Prostitution Assisting/Promoting	2	2	1	0
Weapon Law Violations	70	64	22	10
Total Group A Offenses	6,091	3,591	2,188	262

Domestic Violence Victims		
Offense	Reported	Cleared
Murder	2	0
Assaults		
• Aggravated Assault	74	41
• Simple Assault	563	549
• Intimidation	44	32
• Stalking	9	6
Sex Offenses ~ Forcible		
• Forcible Rape	1	6
• Forcible Sodomy	1	6
• Sexual Assault w/object	2	0
• Forcible Fondling	0	1
• Incest	0	1
• Statutory Rape	2	1
Kidnapping Abduction	4	3
Total Domestic Violence	702	642

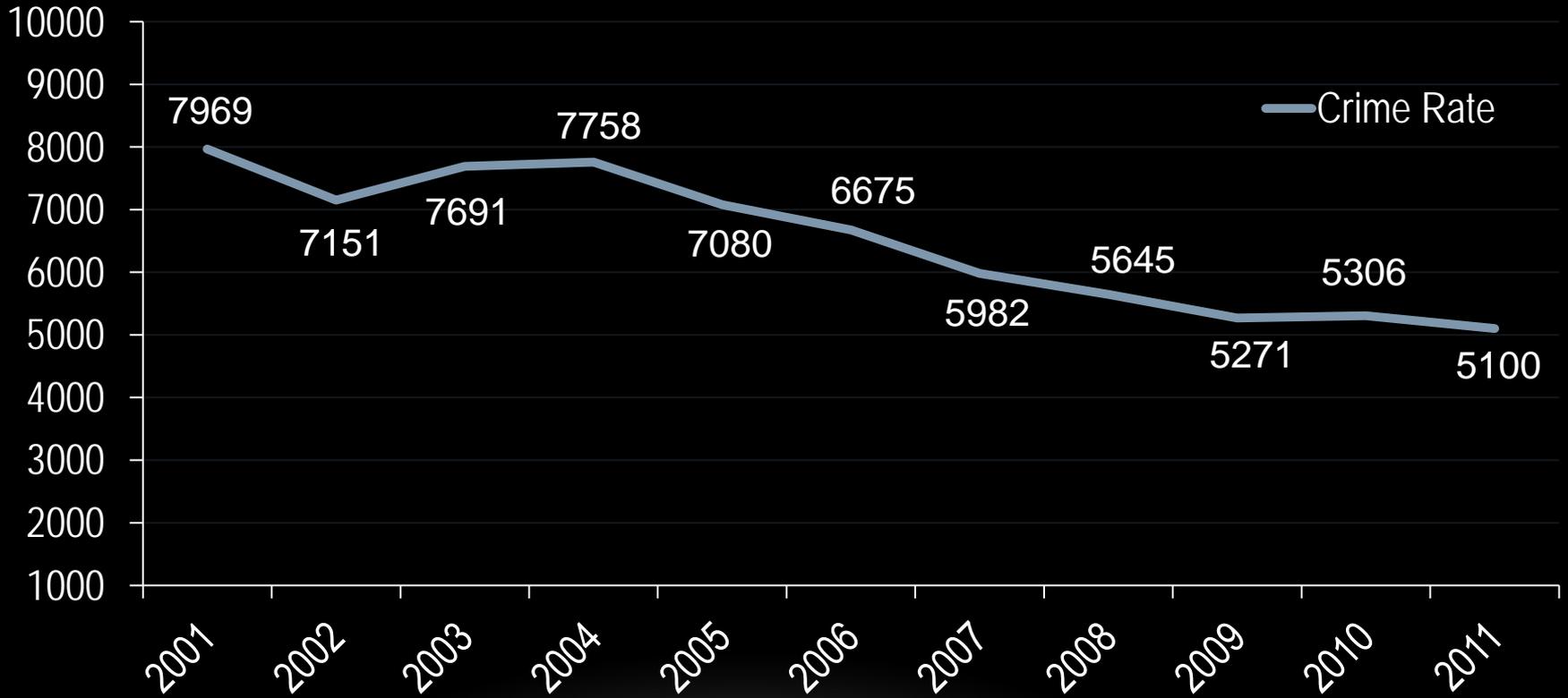
Actual Charges Placed

TIBRS Group B Arrest	Adult	Juvenile	Adult	Juvenile
Offense				
Bad Checks	12	0	13	0
Curfew/Vagrancy	0	2	1	3
Disorderly Conduct	38	41	66	42
DUI	280	1	370	2
Drunkenness	820	2	984	2
Revoked/Suspended/Canceled			1439	8
Family-Non Violent	4	0	13	0
Liquor Law Violations	233	17	332	29
Peeping Tom	0	0	0	0
Runaway	0	23	0	24
Trespass	173	10	256	13
All Other Offenses	315	59	547	86
Total Group B	1,875	155	5031	238
Misc. Driving offenses/including DORL			2449	37

INTERNATIONALLY ACCREDITED

TOTAL CRIME RATE

UNIFORM CRIME RATE OFFENSES 2001-2011
A COMPARISON OF CRIME RATE PER 100,000 POPULATION



Crime Comparisons

UNIFORM CRIME REPORT (UCR) PART I CRIMES COMPARISON 2008-2011				
Index Crimes	2008	2009	2010	2011
Murder	0	7	1	3
Rape	20	14	26	7
Robbery	52	63	62	58
Aggravated Assault	238	196	193	211
Larceny	2256	2087	2391	2218
Burglary	537	518	568	623
Vehicle Theft	110	106	95	95
Arson	15	10	15	6
TOTAL	3228	3001	3351	3221

*UCR Part I Crimes consist of the eight offenses listed above and serve to measure the level and scope of crime occurring nationwide. Part I Crimes are tracked by the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) because they occur with regularity in all areas of the country, and they are likely to be reported to police.

UNIFORM CRIME REPORT (UCR) PART I CRIMES COMPARISON 2001-2011



Crime Index

2011 UNIFORM CRIME REPORT (UCR)		
Crimes	Number	Crime Index*
Murder	3	4.8
Rape	7	11.1
Robbery	58	91.8
Aggravated Assault	211	334.1
Larceny	2218	3512.2
Burglary	623	986.5
Vehicle Theft	95	150.4
Arson	6	9.5
TOTAL	3221	5100

*The eight offenses reported above serve as a nationwide index for gauging fluctuations in the overall volume and rate of crime (Part I Crimes), and are known collectively as the Crime Index. The Crime Rate correlates the incidence of crime to a population of 100,000 and is computed by dividing the number of offenses by the jurisdiction's population (63,152) and then multiplying by 100,000 for the result (e.g., $(3,221 / 63,152) \times 100,000 = 5,100$).



Johnson City Police Department 1955

Crime Clearance Rates

UNIFORM CRIME REPORT (UCR) COMPARISON 2009-2011							
Category	2009		2010		2011		
	Reported	Cleared	Reported	Cleared	Reported	Cleared	Percentage
Murder	7	6	1	1	3	3	100%
Rape	14	11	26	15	7	6	85.7%
Robbery	63	41	62	38	58	36	62.1%
Assaults *	1181	1059	1130	1025	1073	976	91.0%
Burglary	518	162	568	197	623	179	28.7%
Larceny	2087	1025	2391	1027	2218	990	44.6%
Arson	10	4	15	7	6	3	50.0%
Auto Theft	106	48	95	47	95	36	38.0%
TOTAL	3986	2356	4288	2357	4083	2229	54.6%

Aggravated and simple assaults are included in this count.

Crime Clearance Rates 2011

TIBRS Group A Offenses	Reported	Cleared	% Cleared
Crimes Against Persons			
Murder	3	3	100%
Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0%
Kidnapping/Abduction	7	7	100%
Forcible Rape	7	6	86%
Forcible Sodomy	2	1	50%
Sexual Assault W/Object	2	2	100%
Forcible Fondling	24	20	83%
Incest	0	0	0%
Statutory Rape	3	2	67%
Aggravated Assault	211	192	91%
Simple Assault	862	784	91%
Intimidation	162	122	75%
Stalking	22	18	82%
Crimes Against Property			
Arson	6	3	50%
Bribery	0	0	0%
Burglary	623	179	29%
Counterfeiting/Forgery	175	100	57%
Destruction/Damage/Vandalism	514	148	29%
Embezzlement	51	39	76%
Extortion/Blackmail	1	0	0%
Fraud - False Pretenses	197	150	76%
Fraud - Credit Card/ATM	132	77	58%
Fraud - Impersonation	79	76	96%
Fraud - Welfare	0	0	0%
Fraud - Wire	4	4	100%
Motor Vehicle Theft	95	36	38%
Robbery	58	36	62%

TIBRS Group A Offenses	Reported	Cleared	% Cleared
Crimes Against Property (cont.)			
Stolen Property Offenses	9	9	100%
Theft - Pocket-picking	5	4	80%
Theft - Purse Snatching	6	3	50%
Theft - Shoplifting	680	563	83%
Theft From Building	429	178	41%
Theft From Coin Machine	9	1	11%
Theft From Motor Vehicle	560	139	25%
Theft of Motor Vehicle Parts	217	26	12%
Theft - All Other Larceny	312	76	24%
Crimes Against Society			
Drug/Narcotic Violations	325	296	91%
Drug/Narcotic Equip. Violations	210	208	99%
Gambling - Betting/Wagering	0	0	0%
Gambling - Operating/Promoting	0	0	0%
Gambling - Equipment Violations	0	0	0%
Gambling - Sports Tampering	0	0	0%
Pornography/Obscene Material	0	0	0%
Prostitution	17	17	100%
Prostitution Assisting/Promoting	2	2	100%
Weapon Law Violations	70	64	91%
Total Group A Offenses	6,091	3,591	59%
Part 1 Clearance Rate	3218	1445	45%

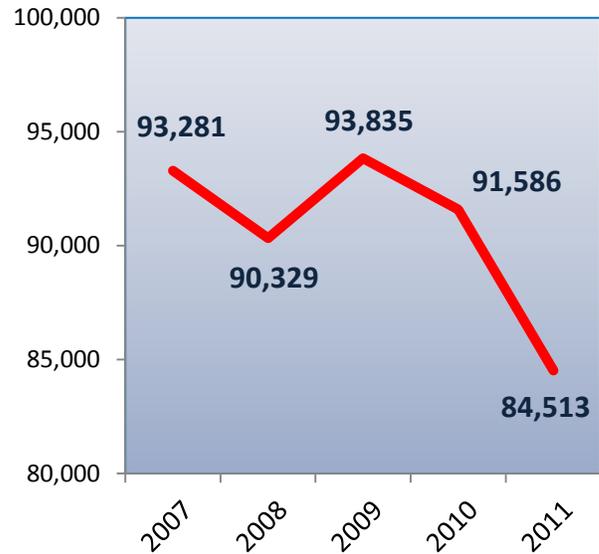
Police Department Personnel

Police Department	2011	2010	2009	2008
Sworn Strength	149	148	141	143
*Civilian Strength	27	28	31	28
Retired	0	2	3	7

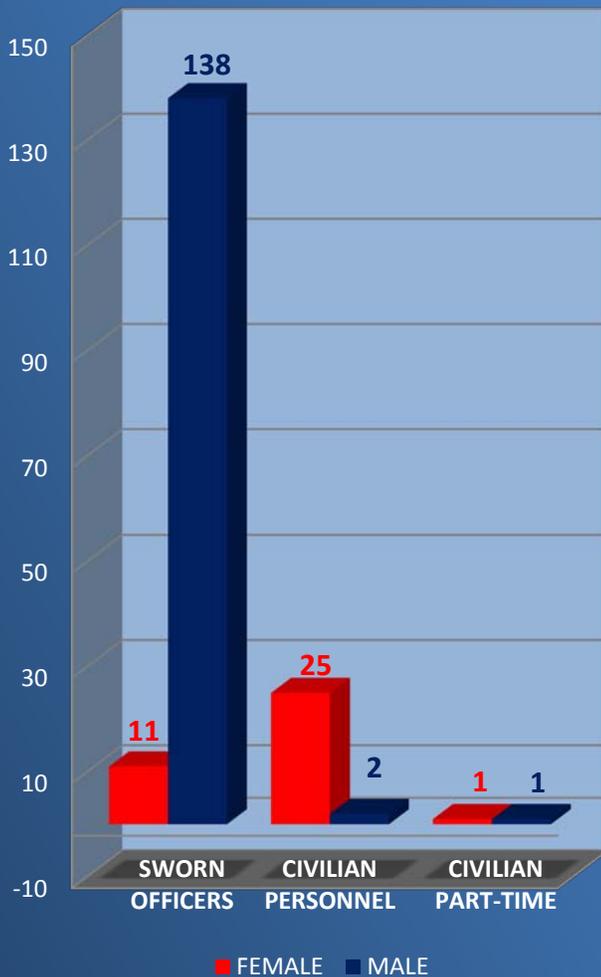
*Full-time & part-time

911 Calls for Service

Police Calls for Service
2007-2011



JOHNSON CITY POLICE DEPARTMENT
EMPLOYEE CLASSIFICATION
2011



Police Calls for Service 2011
Total = 84,513



Accreditation Office

The Office of Professional Standards and Accreditation continues to maintain compliance with internationally recognized accreditation standards. The Department is one of 47 law enforcement agencies within Tennessee presently accredited or pursuing accreditation through the Commission on Accreditation for Law Enforcement Agencies (CALEA). The Department has been internationally accredited since 1993 and successfully achieved accredited status for the sixth time in November 2010. In August of 2011, the Department became the tenth law enforcement agency to achieve Tennessee law enforcement accredited status.

The Accreditation Office conducted the Annual Citizens Survey of City residents rated the Police Department as average or above in the following categories:



- Overall competence and job performance - 97%.
- Officers' attitudes and behavior - 93%.
- Work performance without regard to biased-based actions - 95%.
- Providing protection in the community - 98%.

Police Recruitment

The Police Department recruitment team members participated in two recruitment events this year. The Department has refocused recruitment energies toward future potential candidates with the conduct of an annual Junior Police Academy (for 13-17 year olds) and greater emphasis on the growth of the Police Explorer Program.

The recruitment team is comprised of volunteer members knowledgeable in personnel matters, agency opportunities, salaries, benefits, training, and organization. All 2011 recruitment activities concentrated on regional events. The Department continues to respond to phone, mail, and e-mail inquiries concerning employment.

Planning and Research Unit

The Planning and Research Section coordinates and manages general direction of multi-year planning, performs the grant function of the Police Department, and assists with Police Department budget planning and preparation. Planning and Research also provides management, coordination, and liaison for a variety of Department projects and activities.

Current Police Grants & Awards

2011 DOJ COPS Hiring Grant	\$538,428
Weed and Seed II	\$150,000
Weed and Seed III	\$142,000
Weed and Seed IV	\$154,947
Justice Assistance Grant V	\$153,845
Justice Assistance Grant VI	\$37,427
Justice Assistance Grant VII	\$33,059
Justice Assistance Grant VIII	\$25,996
Justice Assistance Grant IX	\$20,459
HEROES (Safe Schools)	\$90,927
Safer Johnson City Streets IV	\$19,532
Bullet Proof Vest Program	\$14,089

Training Unit

In 2011, six recruits successfully completed the Regional Training Academy at Walters State Community College in Greeneville, Tennessee, and one recruit at the state Transition School. All six recruits successfully completed the 450-hour course and one recruit completed 120 hours. Seven probationary police officers were hired and underwent 80 hours of training orientation. These officers successfully completed the field training program and trained 28 days in each of the four phases.



EVOC Training at Liberty Bell Middle School

As required by Peace Officers Standards and Training, each sworn officer (149 for 2011) is required to successfully complete 40 hours of approved in-service training. All sworn officers met the requirement with 24 officers completing additional courses of 40 hours, five officers completing 80 hours of training, 12 officers completing additional 16 hours of training, and four officers completing additional 24 hours of training.

Roll call training on a variety of topics was conducted throughout the year in law updates, Major Incident Management System (MIMS),

seizure, anabolic steroid abuse, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA), and vehicle searches. Officers attended training while on duty in Taser operator course, Emergency Vehicle Operator Course (EVOC), PR-24 Baton, AR-15, Use of Force and Freeze + P. Professional development for supervisors, Train the Trainer (Risk Management), spike training, riot training, and Tennessee Department of Transportation (TDOT) work zone.

The Training Unit assisted other agencies and entities with expertise in the following areas: Use of Force, Taser, EVOC, FireArms Training Simulator (FATS), and Citizens Police Academy. The Training Unit conducted numerous other activities to facilitate training and department tasks such as improvements to the building, range repairs and maintenance, purchasing targets and backing and light repairs. Entry level testing and records maintenance along with evidence delivery and pick up.

<u>Training Unit Activity</u>	<u>Hours</u>
Basic Police Academy	2,820
PPO Orientation	560
In-Service Training	8,208
Roll Call Training	215
Firearms Training	1,240
In-House Training	1,426
Field Training Program	4,480
Jail Staff	632
Miscellaneous Training	424
Miscellaneous Activities	160
Total Training Hours	20,165

Internal Investigations Unit

Total Investigative Cases Opened: 16

Total Violations Investigated: 17

Internal Complaints: 13

Total Violations: 14

Improper Conduct Dispositions: 11

Unfounded: 2

Resigned: 1

External Complaints: 3

Total Violations: 3

Improper Conduct Dispositions: 0

Unfounded Dispositions: 3

On-Duty Complaints: 13

Off-Duty Complaints: 3

Employees Involved in Investigations: 14

Sworn Officers: 13

Non-Sworn Personnel: 1

Disciplinary Actions	Totals
Oral Warnings	0
Letters of Counseling	0
Letters of Review	0
Written Reprimands	5
Suspensions	6
Days of Suspension	22
Demotions	0
Terminations	0
Other Types	3
Resigned Before Action Taken	1
Pending	0
2011 Total	37

Polygraph Unit

Type of Violations	2010	2011	Difference
Criminal Violations	0	2	+2
Excessive Force	2	1	-1
Arrest Violations	0	0	0
Entry Violations	0	0	0
Search Violations	0	0	0
Harassment:	0	0	0
Sexual Harassment	0	0	0
Demeanor	5	4	-1
Serious Rule	20	10	-10
Minor Rule	0	0	0
Alcohol/Drug	0	0	0
Pending	0	0	0
Unidentified	1	0	0
Totals	28	17	-11

Department polygraph examiners Captain Steve Smith and Captain Matt Howell attended the Alabama Association of Polygraph Examiners Conference in October of 2011.

The Polygraph Unit conducted in 2011:

- 47 Pre-employment Polygraph Examinations
- 13 Polygraph Examinations for Reserve Offices

As a result of these polygraph examinations, 37 applicants admitted to various traffic violations. Another 31 admitted to past illegal drug use, 24 had negative past employment issues, three admitted to past thefts, 10 admitted to financial or credit problems, six admitted to past confidentiality and honesty problems. There were several criminal specific polygraph test scheduled during the year.

Downtown Officer

The Downtown Officer works under the Police Department’s Community Policing Unit. The Downtown Officer performs both law enforcement and community policing functions predominantly in the downtown area. In 2011, the Downtown Officer conducted numerous Kids Print child fingerprint events as well as participating in the Department’s annual Junior Police Academy and Fish-Out events. The Downtown Officer also attended numerous merchant and citizen meetings and other community details during the year.



enhance community support and assist citizens in identifying potential problem areas affecting their lives. The Community Relations Unit strives to achieve this goal by serving as a liaison with formal community organizations and other community groups within the City.

In order to achieve this goal, the Johnson City Police Department’s Community Relations Unit provides a broad range of services in order to reach the business community, the Johnson City School System, community organizations, and the general public. The Community Relations Unit regularly coordinates and participates in various city Neighborhood Watch groups, schedules speakers for community meetings, and utilizes Police Department resources to assist citizens in addressing their specific neighborhood problems.



Downtown Officer Activity

Days Worked	208
Reports Taken	58
Traffic Citations (primarily parking)	455
Arrests	33
Vehicle Patrols	183
Foot Patrols	283
Business Contacts	1,021
Field Interviews / Sensitive Information	8

In 2011, the Community Relations Unit participated in the following community outreach programs:

- Neighborhood Watch
- Neighborhood Association Meetings
- Citizens Police Academy
- Junior Police Academy
- Say Yes To Fishing, Say No To Drugs
- Fishout II
- “Back to School Night” at Cardinal Park
- Freedom Hall Independence Day Fireworks
- Walnut Street Halloween Trick-or-Treat Block Party
- National Night Out

Community Relations and Crime Prevention Unit

The Police Department is strongly committed to establishing close ties with the citizens of Johnson City and responding to the needs of the community. The goal of the Community Relations Unit is to

Community Policing Unit (CPU)

The Johnson City Police Department has established a reputation for initiating progressive measures to address changing community needs. The community policing philosophy is a natural extension of the Police Department’s service orientation. Assessing needs with community input, the Department has cooperatively developed an array of programs focusing on these identified concerns from a proactive standpoint.

Since its inception in 1991 to target a specific drug-related problem in the Housing Authority areas, the Community Policing Unit has grown to reach far beyond the scope of the



public and assisted housing areas and apply problem solving approaches to other citywide community concerns. Foot patrol, bicycle patrol, community meetings, the mobile police substation, and a wide variety of programs and partnerships characterize this specialized unit’s support of the Police Department’s mission.

CPU Activity	
Days worked	344
Calls for service	3,919
Arrests	215
Foot Patrols	1,623
Bicycle Patrol	27

In 2011, the Community Policing Unit actively participated in:

- 40 Neighborhood meetings and events.
- 140 Community meetings and events.
- 53 Downtown meetings and events.
- 105 Tennessee Board of Probation and Parole offender home visits.



The Community Policing Unit provided service during the following events in 2011:

- “Operation Rx” Drug Take-Back events
- Cinema on the Lake
- Blue Plum Festival
- Camp DEFY (Drug Education For Youth)
- Plum Fast 5K Run/Walk
- Historic Tree Streets Yard Sale
- Independence Day Fireworks Celebration
- Junior Police Academy
- Music on the Lake
- National Night Out
- Umoja Festival
- TBOPP Halloween Offender Checks
- Unity Race 5K Run/Walk
- Walnut Street Halloween Trick or Treat
- MSHA Dragon Boat Race
- Zombie Tag
- 9-11 Honor Guard Flag Ceremony
- Say Yes To Fishing, Say No To Drugs
- Johnson City Christmas Parade
- Good Samaritan Ministries Food deliveries



School Resource Officer Unit

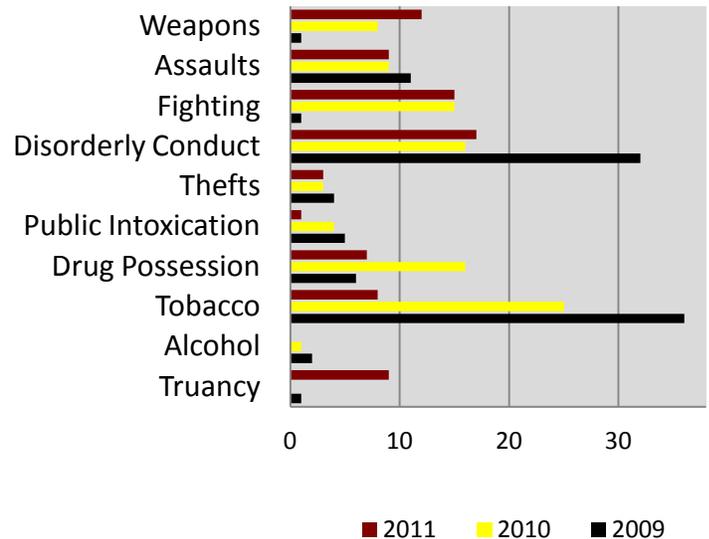
The Johnson City Police Department is very conscious of its obligation to help keep schools safe for the students of the city. The School Resource Officer (SRO) Program was developed in cooperation with the Johnson City School System to bridge the gap between the police officer and youths, increase positive attitude toward law enforcement, and encourage more cooperation between youths and the police. SROs reduce crime through counseling, teaching about the criminal justice system, and taking a personal interest in the students. They will also work to protect the school environment and to maintain an atmosphere where teachers feel safe to teach and students feel safe to learn.

- Meet with students, parents, and faculty members regarding law-related problems and crime prevention education.
- Participate in PTSA and PTO meetings, faculty meetings, student extra-curricular events, and club projects as often as possible.

In 2011, the SRO Unit assisted in the update of each school crisis plan and participated in monthly safety drills. Building and Grounds Safety checklists were also completed for each campus. Several SROs attended the 2011 National Association of School Resource Officers conference held in Orlando, Florida.



SRO Arrests 2011



Six SROs are assigned to full-time duty on the City's 12 school campuses. Their regular duties include:

- Investigate and enforce criminal violations occurring on school property.
- Conduct daily patrols through each school campus.
- Present age appropriate law-related topics to classes.

Traffic Unit

The Traffic Unit is comprised of a highly trained and skilled traffic component consisting of traffic enforcement and Traffic Homicide Investigation units. The traffic enforcement units are primarily responsible for traffic violation enforcement and traffic collision investigations. When manpower allows, traffic units conduct selective enforcement activities, speed measuring (radar) details, and collision investigations. Johnson City has a substantial population and experiences many crashes as a result. Therefore, the need for experts in the field of crash investigation is necessary. Johnson City currently has 19 certified traffic crash reconstructionists. In 2011, the Traffic Unit also had 14 certified child protection seat technicians.



Police Department Traffic Enforcement			
Type	2009	2010	2011
Traffic Citations	27,259	31,481	33,123
Speeding Citations	13,925	13,196	13,290
Seat Belt Citations	4,010	3,582	3,386
Parking Citations	2,572	2,428	2,209
DORL/DOSL/DOCL*	1,282	1,240	1,447
DUI Arrests**	327	291	347

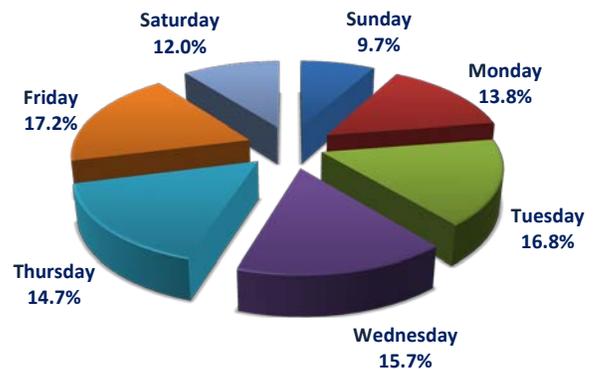
* Driving on Revoked License (DORL), Driving on Suspended License (DOSL), Driving on Cancelled License (DOCL)

**Driving Under the Influence (DUI)

2011 Traffic Crash Data			
Crash Type	2009	2010	2011
Traffic Crashes	3,387	3,546	3,304
Traffic Violations Involved	3,620	3,586	3,655
Personal Injury Crashes	357	334	390
Hit & Run Crashes	684	776	688
Pedestrian Accidents	18	32	44
Private Property Crashes	488	569	487
Fatal Crashes	4	4	4

2011 Top Five Crash Intersections	
Intersection	Totals
State of Franklin Rd & Greenline Rd	49
State of Franklin Rd & W Walnut St	36
State of Franklin Rd & W Market St	30
State of Franklin Rd & Browns Mill Rd	29
State of Franklin Rd & University Pkwy	24

2011 Crashes by Day of Week



Five Major Contributing Crash Factors in 2011	
Cause	Totals
Following Too Closely	1,102
Failure to Yield	852
Speeding	193
Impaired Driving	109
Failure to Signal / Obey Signs	96

Governor’s Highway Safety Office Officer Recognition



Officer David Smith (left) receiving GHSO award from Chief Mark Sirois (right)

Officer David Smith received an award from the GHSO recognizing his efforts in speed enforcement in Northeast Tennessee for the years 2010 and 2011. Officer Smith’s 2011 activity includes 1,803 traffic stops, 1,837 hazardous citations, 917 non-hazardous citations, 328 seat belt citations, 59 traffic arrests, and 416 crashes investigated.

GHSO Traffic Award

The Johnson City Police Department was presented with a fully equipped police package 2011 Chevrolet Tahoe by the Tennessee Governor’s Highway Safety Office (GHSO). The vehicle was the grand prize in a drawing at the 2011 Tennessee Lifesavers Conference and Law Enforcement Challenge in Nashville. The Department was a participant in the Tennessee Law Enforcement Challenge documenting its traffic enforcement and safety education programs. The Police Department placed third in the 2011 Law Enforcement Challenge for its traffic safety program among agencies its size in the 101-200 Officers category.

Then-Chief Lowry commented, “We have partnered with the Governor’s Highway Safety

Office for many years, and have always valued their support of local law enforcement. This Tahoe builds upon that partnership, and we will put it to good use in our traffic safety program.”



Chief John Lowry receiving 2011 Chevrolet Tahoe from GHSO Law Enforcement Liaison Steve Dillard

Defensive Driving Classes

The Johnson City Police Department currently sponsors three Defensive Driving Classes depending upon one’s age and driving violations. **Alive at 25** is specifically geared toward juveniles with a focus on traffic laws and the adverse impact of speeding as it relates to serious traffic crashes. **DDC-4** is a 4-hour class designed for first time adult violators and is mostly devoted to education on the traffic. **DDC-ADD** is an 8-hour class devoted to adult recidivist violators. The assumption is that these participants have a behavior problem manifested in a propensity to speed and emphasis is placed on changing this habit.

DDC Classes	Participants in 2011
Alive at 25	275
DDC-4	2,368
DDC-ADD	462
Total	3,105

Canine Unit

The use of the canine is an extremely valuable tool in law enforcement. Canines may be used at the scene of a burglary, holdup, felony assault, recently abandoned stolen vehicles or at the scene of other serious crimes. They are especially useful for locating weapons, lost or abandoned property, or hidden implements of a crime. Canines may also be used for tracking and searching buildings.



Canine Unit Activity	
Usages	251
Tracks / Area Searches	40
Building Searches	54
Article Searches	3
Narcotics Searches	112
Felony Suspect Surrenders	11
Physical Apprehensions	3

Two of the three apprehensions were of actively fleeing suspects who refused to surrender to officers. The third apprehension was of a suicidal suspect who confronted K9-2 while armed with a handgun. Fourteen total arrests were made from direct canine deployments in 2011. Of those 14 arrests, 11 of the suspects chose to surrender after being given verbal warnings.

Narcotics Finds	
Marijuana	9 lbs / 4.2oz
Methamphetamine	5 grams
Cocaine	1 kilogram
Crack Cocaine	148 grams
Currency	\$25,595
Handguns	1

A total of 1087.5 hours of canine training were completed in 2011. All five canine units successfully completed their annual narcotics and patrol certifications during the year. Platoon 3 also filled their canine vacancy with the addition of Officer Jeff Legault and K9 Rhino.

Power Shift

The Power Shift assisted with the Blue Plum and Umoja festivals in 2011. Throughout the year, they also assisted patrol platoons with zone coverage during mandatory departmental training events, including day and night firearms qualification, PR-24 and chemical agent certification, and firearms simulator training. By assisting patrols with their work force demands, the Power Shift allowed on-duty personnel to receive the training while also minimizing overtime costs for the Police Department.

Power Shift Activity	
Days Worked	653
Calls for Service	2,513
Felony Arrests	48
Misdemeanor Arrests	165
Traffic Arrests	100
Backups	1,259
Physical Apprehensions	3
Burglar Alarm Responses	56
Traffic Enforcement	
Crash Investigations	66
Hazardous Citations	495
Non-Hazardous Citations	414
Parking Citations	33
Written Warnings	131
Verbal Warnings	147

Special Weapons and Tactics (SWAT) Unit

The Johnson City Police Department's SWAT Unit is composed of 12 full-time officers and two Washington County/Johnson City Emergency Medical Services Personnel. All members of the SWAT Unit have attended basic and advanced SWAT schools as well as schools in sniper, counter-sniper, assault weapon training, and situations requiring use of various types of respirators.



The Special Weapons and Tactics Unit is deployed in situations where additional training and equipment may be required to defuse or effect arrest of armed and dangerous persons. These situations are search warrant, hostage situations, barricaded suspects, and suspects known for violence or carrying weapons. The SWAT Unit completes a monthly training and qualification session. The SWAT Unit participated in two joint training sessions during 2011, seven calls for response to felony drug arrests, and search warrant situations.

SWAT Activity	Total
Training Sessions	12
Joint Training Sessions	2
Call Outs	7

Explosives Unit (EOD)

This specialized unit has a primary function of responding to calls where suspected explosives have been located, stabilize the explosive, render safe, and transport the same to a safe location for disposal. Individual members are referred to as bomb technicians. Each bomb technician has received federal certification from the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) and the U.S. Army. Each bomb technician receives forty hours of annual explosive-related training and re-certify every three years by returning to the Hazardous Devices School, in Huntsville, Alabama. The bomb technicians attend a minimum of sixteen additional hours of local explosive training on a monthly basis. Members of the EOD Unit received at a minimum 1,056 hours of explosive training this year. The Explosive Ordnance Disposal (EOD) Unit now staffs three bomb technicians and two ancillary bomb technicians.

EOD Activity	Total
Calls for Service	22
Suspicious Packages/Render Safe	9
Special Events	8
Demonstrations	5



Bicycle Patrol Unit

During the 2011 year, the Johnson City Police Department's Bicycle Patrol team was utilized in assisting with several special events and patrolling high crime areas. The Team participated in one Johnson City Citizens Police Academy demonstration, one Junior Police Academy, and other service-oriented functions. The Bike Team conducted bike patrols for the First Friday events in the downtown area when weather permitted. The Bike Team also participated in one bicycle rodeo (15 bicycle helmets distributed) and provided bike patrols in the following community events:

Special Olympics Torch Run

Fourth of July Fireworks

MSHA Dragon Boat Race

Walnut Street Trick Treat Event

Johnson City Christmas Parade



Police Reserve Officer Program



The Johnson City Police Department implemented its first Reserve Officer Program in August of 2011. The program was initiated with the graduation of ten charter participants on October 23, 2011, and began their field training phases shortly thereafter. Then-Chief John Lowry expressed hope that the new program would benefit the Police Department in its goal to make Johnson City the safest place to live as possible. In an interview about the program, Chief Lowry stated, "The big thing for me is officer safety and that's one of the biggest reasons we looked at putting this program together." Two Reserve officers participated in Police Department entry-level testing in December 2011.



Criminal Investigation Division (CID)

CIU Activity*	2011 Totals	2010 Totals	Percent Change
Persons Arrested	707	932	-24.14%
Total Case Load	3,699	4,711	-21.48%
Clearance Breakdown			
Arrests	801	950	-15.68%
Exceptional Means	477	463	3.02%
Administrative	22	37	-40.54%
Inactivated	629	803	-21.67%
Transferred	86	115	-25.22%
Unfounded	708	603	17.41%
Inactivated Pending Arrest	185	238	-22.27%
Cases Cleared	2,426	2,880	-15.76%
Cases Active at Close of December	135	122	10.66%
Recovered Stolen Property Total Value	\$1,157,777	\$953,889	21.37%
Hours of Court Activity	775.25	825	-6.03%
Off-Duty Investigation Call-Outs			
Number Calls	60	79	-24.05%
Time spent on Call-Outs	322.25	457.15	-29.51%
Total Cases Assigned or Initiated	2,187	2,620	-16.53%
DTF Investigations			
State Investigations	92	24	283.33%
Federal Investigations	13	27	-51.85%

*Special Victims Squad annual statistics are now included in the CIU statistics.

	2011 Totals	2010 Totals	Percent Change
Drug Seizures			
Crack Cocaine (Grams)	170.5	17.54	872.06%
Powder Cocaine (Grams)	223.7	447	-49.96%
Drug Seizures (cont.)			
Marijuana (Grams)	6,974.22	711.4	880.35%
Heroin (Doses)	56	0	5600.00%
Illegal Prescription Narcotics (units)	241	68.5	251.82%
Methamphetamine (Grams)	0	0	0.00%
Ecstasy	227	0	22700.00%
LSD	10	0	1000.00%
Other Seizures			
U.S. Currency	\$53,469.00	\$12,622.26	323.61%
Vehicles	7	6	16.67%
Firearms	12	4	200.00%

Crime Trends*	2011 Totals	2010 Totals	Percent Change
Crimes Against Persons			
Homicide	3	1	200.00%
Kidnapping	5	4	25.00%
Rape	22	39	-43.59%
Assault	218	370	-41.08%
Child Abuse	31	36	-13.89%
Other Sex Crimes	17	16	6.25%
Other Deaths	27	40	-32.50%
Crimes Against Property			
Arson	0	1	-100.00%
Robbery	69	77	-10.39%
Burglary	484	516	-6.20%
Forgery/Fraud	533	478	11.51%
Auto Theft	126	111	13.51%
Auto Burglary	208	231	-9.96%
Larceny/Theft	456	702	-35.04%
Bomb Threats	1	0	100.00%
Bombing	0	0	0.00%
Crimes Against Society			
Gambling	0	0	0.00%
Prostitution	9	1	800.00%
Alcohol	2	4	-50.00%
Drugs	21	37	-43.24%
Other			
Federal Offenses	2	14	-85.71%
Other Felony	78	47	65.96%
Misdemeanors	7	34	-79.41%
Runaways	46	47	-2.13%
Missing Persons	1	9	-88.89%
Miscellaneous	242	291	-16.84%
Applicant Inv.	0	0	0.00%
Assist Other Agency	0	2	-200.00%
Sexual Offender Registries	214	174	22.99%

*Crime Trends: (All numbers are tentative pending further investigation)

Special Investigations Squad (SIS)

The Special Investigations Squad operates under the Criminal Investigation Division and is responsible for investigating vice crimes (e.g., prostitution, gambling, etc.) and any unlawful activities by members of organized groups or associations such as the illegal drugs or unlawful weapons.

In 2011, the Special Investigations Squad presented a drug recognition class for various staff employees of the Mountain States Health Alliance. The SIS also conducted three days of training for Sullivan County EMS and gave a presentation for the Citizens Police Academy during the year.

SIS Activity	Total
Cases Investigated	103
Cases Cleared	103
Physical Arrests	53
Charges Placed	77
Search Warrants Executed	5
Vehicle Searches	6
Grand Jury Presentments	47

SIS Arrests	Total
Narcotics	43
Prostitution	9
Other Misdemeanor	1
Traffic Arrests	2
Narcotics Traffic Arrests	2

SIS Seizures	
Assets	Amount
Currency	\$165,287
Vehicles	2
Firearms	9
Computers	4
Electronics	13
Miscellaneous	2
Drugs	Amount
Crack Cocaine	4,117g
Powder Cocaine	252g
Marijuana	105g
Heroin	17 (5mg) / 11 packets

Drug Task Force (DTF)

The Johnson City Police Department participates in the multi-jurisdictional investigative task force, the First Judicial District Drug Task Force (First DTF). The First DTF is a collaborative investigative partnership between individual law enforcement agencies within the First Judicial District to increase effectiveness and avoid duplication of effort in the identification and prosecution of the users, sellers, distributors, and manufacturers of controlled substances within the First Judicial District.

The Drug Task Force initiated a total of 204 investigations or case files in 2011 with a total of 112 arrests made on those cases.

DTF Seizures	
Assets	Amount
Currency	\$65,152.00
Vehicles	17
Firearms	11
Illicit Drugs	Amount
Cocaine	4,755.4g / 4.75 kg
Marijuana	88,969.5g / 16.65lbs
Methamphetamine	739.25g / 25.9oz
Powdered Ecstasy	1.5g
Ecstasy	171 pills
LSD	2 Strips / 30 hits
Mushrooms	4.0g
Prescription Narcotics	Amount
Roxicodone	1,440 (30mg) pills
Oxicodone	82 (80mg) pills
Xanax	405 pills
Demerol	5 pills
Suboxone	11 pills
Suboxone Sublingual	15 strips
Valium	4 pills
Vicodin	3 pills
Clonazepam	30 pills
Hydrocodone (Lortab)	124 pills
Morphine	60 pills
Soma	1 pill
Methadone Liquid	360mg

Johnson City Police Department

Honors

2011

Medal of Distinguished Service



Adam Murray



Alex Perry

Sworn Officers of the Quarter



Casey Skeens
January-March



Thomas Garrison
April-June
July-September



Bill Mitchell
October-December

Civilian Employees of the Quarter



Amy Clarke
January-March



Keri Caldwell
April-June



Susan Thompson
July-September



Tesha Vaughn
October-December